



**Lecture-26**

# **MODERN HISTORY**

**By K. Shivesh Sir**



⇒ SHIMLA PLAN

Q. 9.14

1. GANDHI -
- +
2. KASTURBA GANDHI
- +
3. MAHATMA GANDHI

AGA KHAN PALACE  
PUNA

## COURSE :-

1st PHASE  
1942-45

→ For COMMUNICATION  
SYSTEM

- ↳ UPROOTING of RAILWAY
- Pulling borders on <sup>tree</sup>
- Cultiv of Road  
Telegraph wire

UNDERGROUND ACTIVITIES

∴ USHA MENTA

↳ Radio-comers.

✓ J. P. NARAYAN

↳ Escaped to NEPAL

↳ AZAD DASTA

guilt warfare

✓ R. P. GOENKA

✓ BISU PATNAIK

9th 2<sup>nd</sup> PHASE  
1943-44

→ AT MANY PLACES

↳ Independent

50th of FREE INDIA  
struggle

BALIA - CHITTU PANDAY

SATARA - NANA PATIL

TALCHER

MIDNAPUR

TAMILUK

PRATI  
SANKAR

Wagon Struggles

BR. GOVT  
↳ CONG. as illegal maneuver.  
↳ CONG OFFICER & BANK  
Account  
was sealed

C.P.I - did not support.

Q.9.11  
bc2 BRITAIN + USSR Against  
↳ NAZI

BR 4074

↳ WAR like Situation

FIRE FROM MACHINE GUN

AERIAL BOMBING



plan made

By 1944

unofficially

10000 - die

⇒ BUT its intentions  
↳ Made it clear  
that

Por. DAYS in INDIA  
are Numbered

⇒ The policy of Por

DOMINION status to

Policy of Divide & Quit.

# NATURE & PLANS PARTICIPATION

① →

② → YOUTH | WOMEN | educated class |

Middle class

Peasant

labour

Students



MUSLIM participation  
was very less.

→ gave shelter to the  
Rebellers

& there was no  
communal violence.

⑥ GA was CLIMAX  
GANDHIAN

S-T-S Model

Struggle - TRUCE -  
Struggle

③ → GANDHI - did not  
endorse to  
violence

④ → 3 Member of Viceroy's  
Executive  
Council.

① H. P. MUDJI

② N. R. SARKAR

③ M. S. ANJUM

⑤ → MORALE BOOSTING  
For Congress left the ground.  
PAVE THE WAY

C. RAJGOPALACHARI  
Formulae.

Rajaji Formulae

1944

① → (ML) → Conference  
↓  
a CONG  
getting independence.

AFTER Independence

② → AFTER THE LWAR

Communis - MUSLIM Majority -  
distinct

③ - PLEBISCITE will be  
Conducted for  
PAKISTAN.

④ NON MUSLIM in the  
label also VOTE

⑤ All Political Party  
↳ Opinion about  
PAK

⑥



if PAK. is created  
ONE UNION  
+  
two federations  
//

UNION

↓  
Foreign Affairs

Defense

Commonwealth

Currency.

JINNAH  
objections

1. PLEBISCITE will be only in NW & NE
2. Non MUSLIM will not vote
3. Cong. Should accept THE NATION THEORY.

1945

SHIMLA PLAN  
or  
NAVEL PLAN

→ 1945

BRITAIN → WON THE WORLD WAR

MOST DEVASTATED.

PM - CHURCHILL

Election in BRITAIN

→ 1945

FEAR of JAPANESE INVASION

BRITAIN

→ TAKE THE support of  
Conf. in WAR

Proposal of LAVEL :-

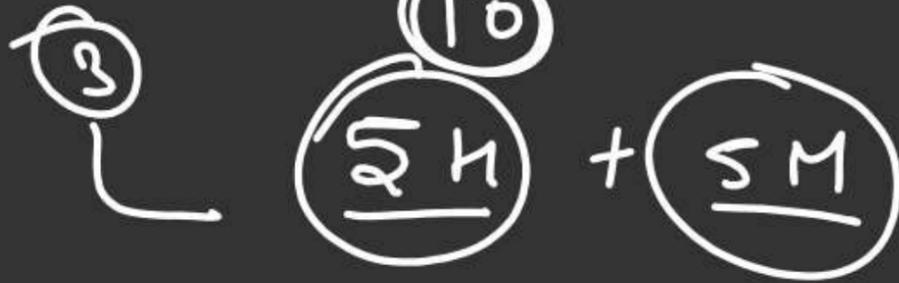
① - DOMINION STATUS for  
INDIA

② VICEROY'S EXECUTIVE  
COUNCIL

↓  
INDIANS

Except

VICEROY & Military  
Commander.



— Initially,  
'it was looking good.'

But suddenly

JINNAH — proposed a  
Solution

MUSLIM MEMBER

SHIMLA  
PLAN  
failed

→ MUSLIM people.  
→ CONES. → will Nominate  
HINDUS

1945-46  
ELECTION IN INDIA

PROVINCIAL & Central Assembly.



RESULT :->

Performance of Cong:-

- ① -> 91% of NON MUSLIM VOTE
- ② -> 8 PROVINCE -> form the gov.
- ③ -> 57/102 - Central Assembly

Performance of M.L.

- ① 86.6% of Muslims voters.
- ② BENGALE + SINDH
- ③ 33 - Reserved SEATS

UNIONIST PARTY

UNITAR

PARTITION OF  
INDIA  
HAD

ALREADY DECIDED IN  
1946

↳ NOT IN 1947

R.I.N MUTINY  
Feb 1946



Royal Indian Navy.

→ In Feb 1946

INDIAN SAILORS

ON I.N.S TALWAR

Stationed at Bombay  
HARBOUR

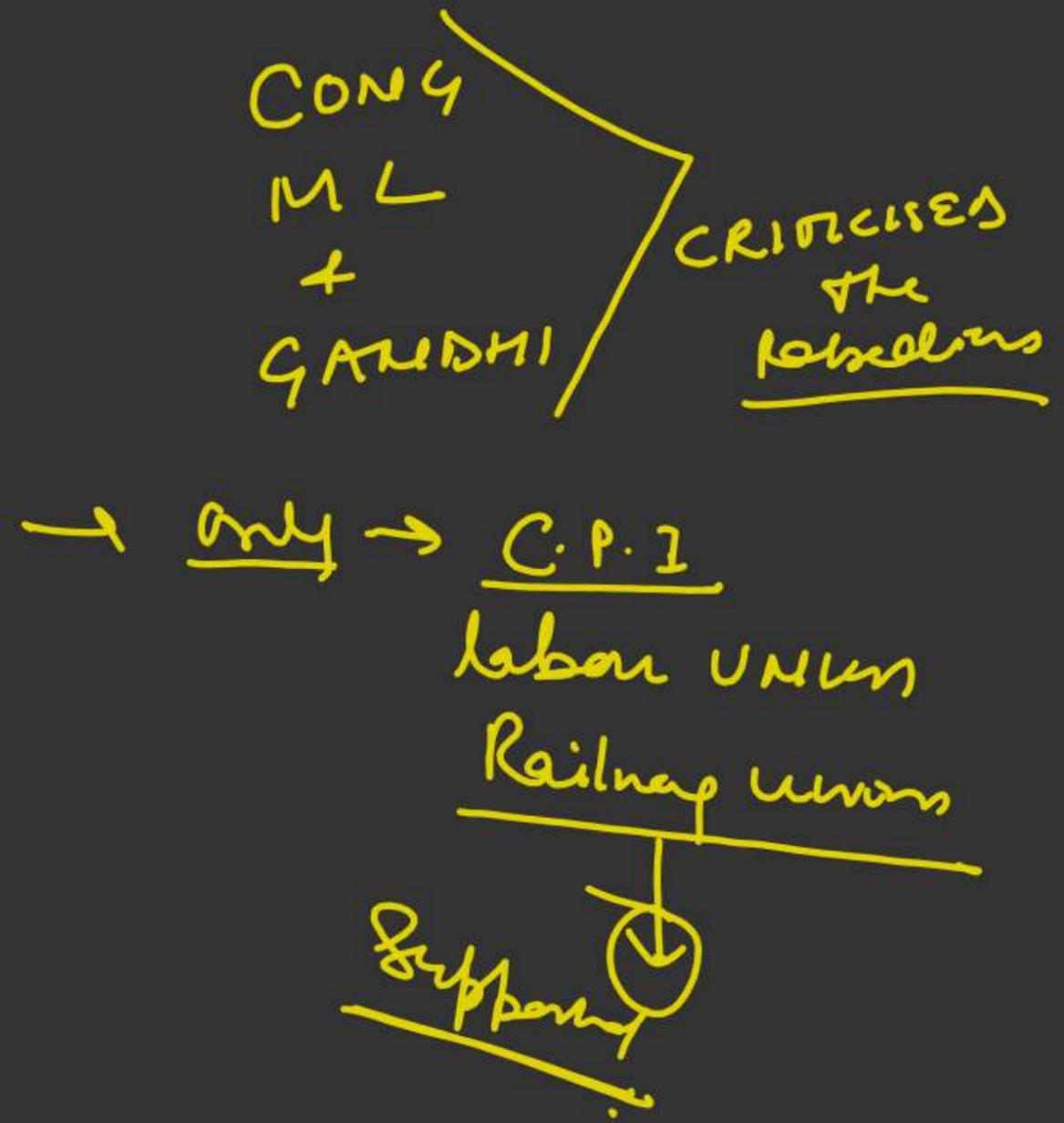
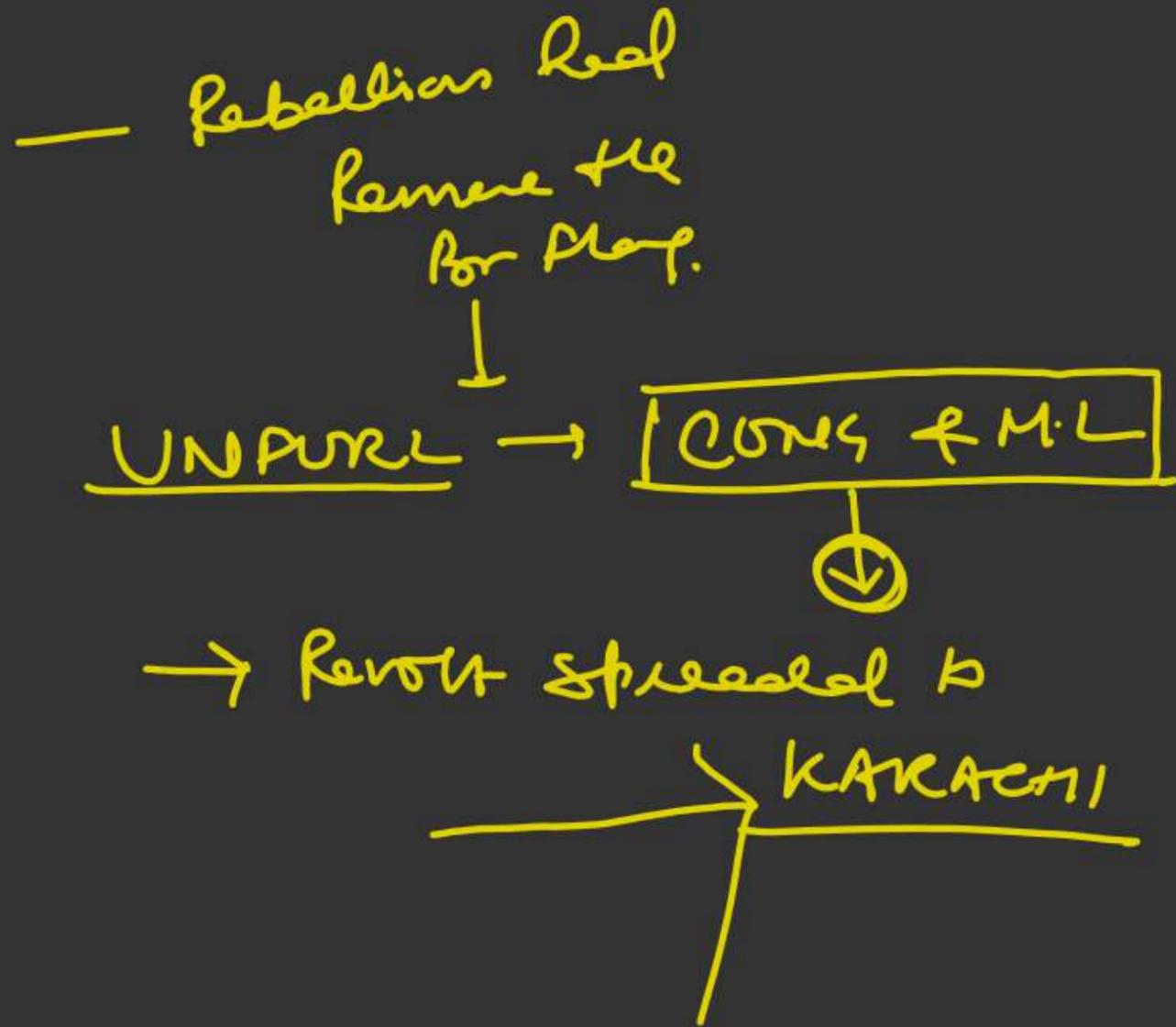
Revolted

Gratuity of Desi sailors  
↓  
Racial Discrimination

B.C. DUTT

↓ ARRESTED

REVOLT.



Finally,

Vallabh Bhai Patel

↓  
Entered in the  
SHIP

↓  
Rebellion  
to Suresh



⇒

ALTHOUGH

↳ R.I.N  
Mutiny  
had  
ended

↓  
fixed

CABINET MISSION  
PLAN

MARCH 1946

- ①
- ②
- ③

P. C. LAWRENCE.

SOS

A. V. ALEXANDER

NAVY CHIEF

STAFFORD CRIPPS

Commerce Minister

⇒ 1. CONSTITUENT OF INDIA  
or  
CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY.

②

ELECTED  
MEMBER  
FROM  
P<sup>r</sup>. INDIAN  
PROVINCES.

292

NOMINATED  
MEMBER  
FROM  
PRINCIPALY  
States

93

NOMINATED  
MEMBER  
FROM  
C.C.P  
(CHIEF  
Commissionary  
Provinces)

4

③  
389

③ Term Party

④ India Union  
10 Years



INTERIMISM.

- BUT JINNAH  
STARTED  
DIRECT ACTION  
DAY

16th Aug 1946  
PROVOKING  
Communal  
Violence  
in demand of  
PAK.