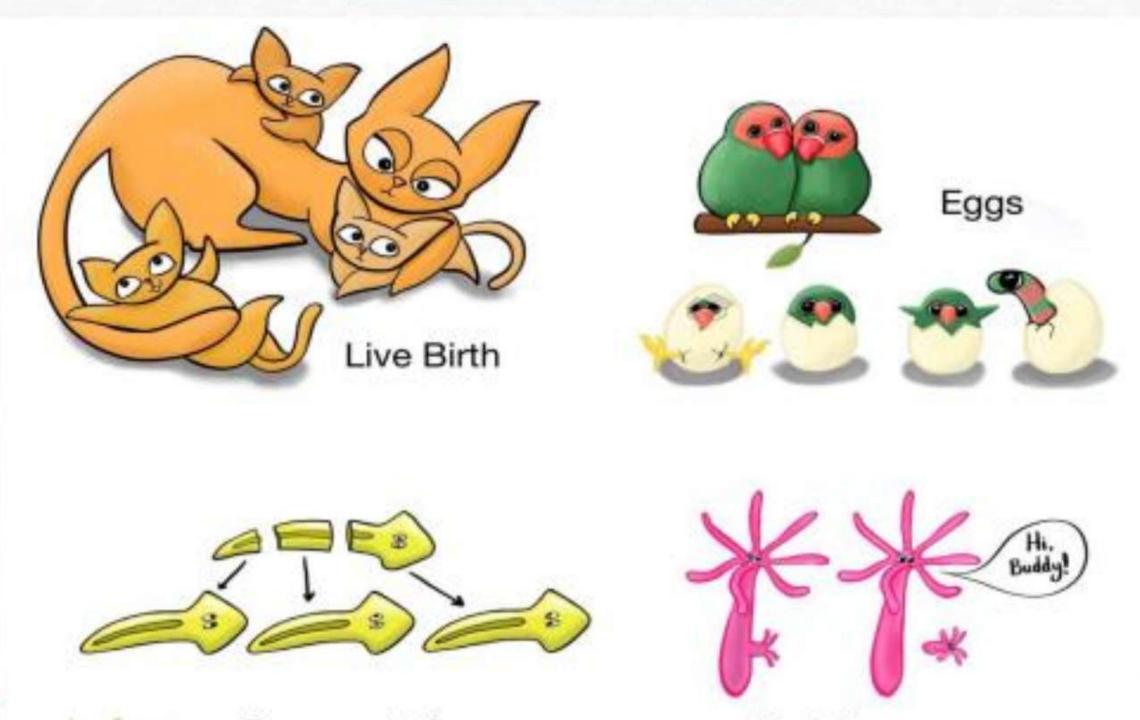


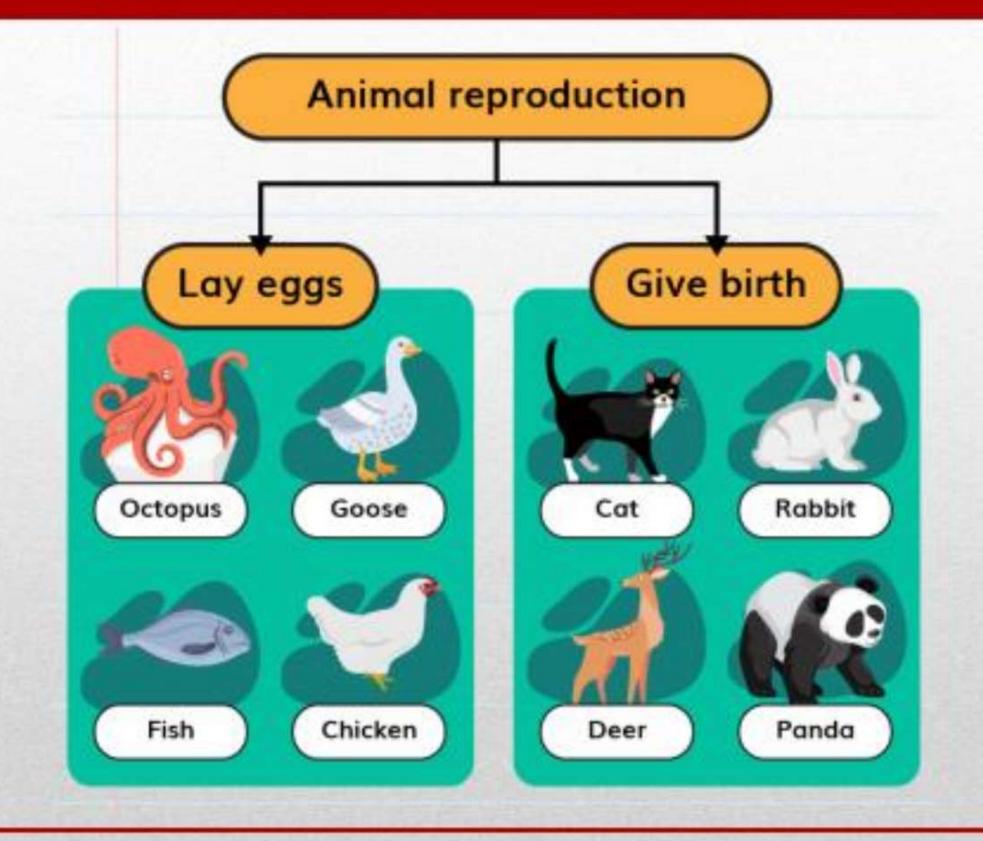
Reproduction in Animals



John Caroli

Fragmentation

Budding



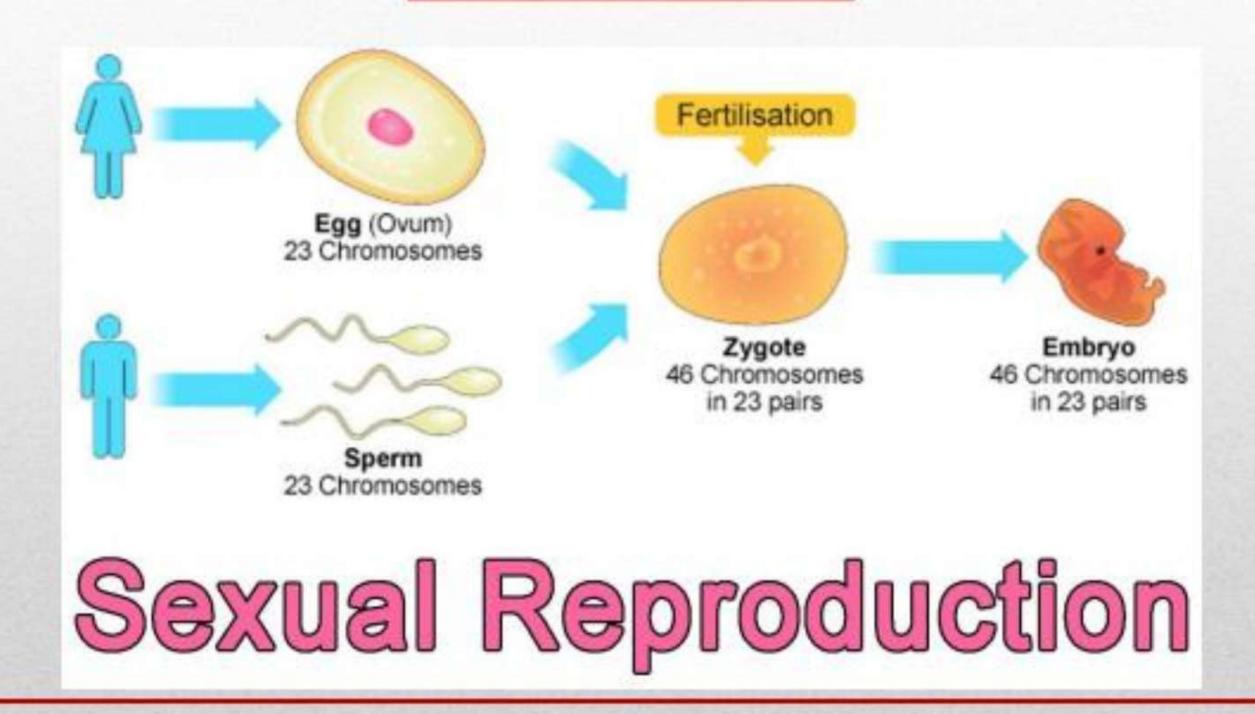
Reproduction and its Modes

 Animal reproduction like plant reproduction has two modes.

Sexual reproduction

Asexual reproduction

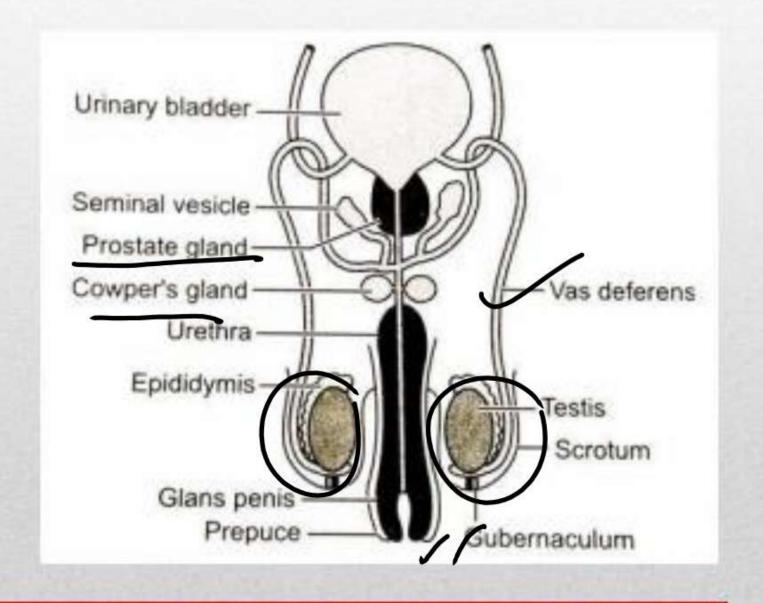
Sexual Reproduction

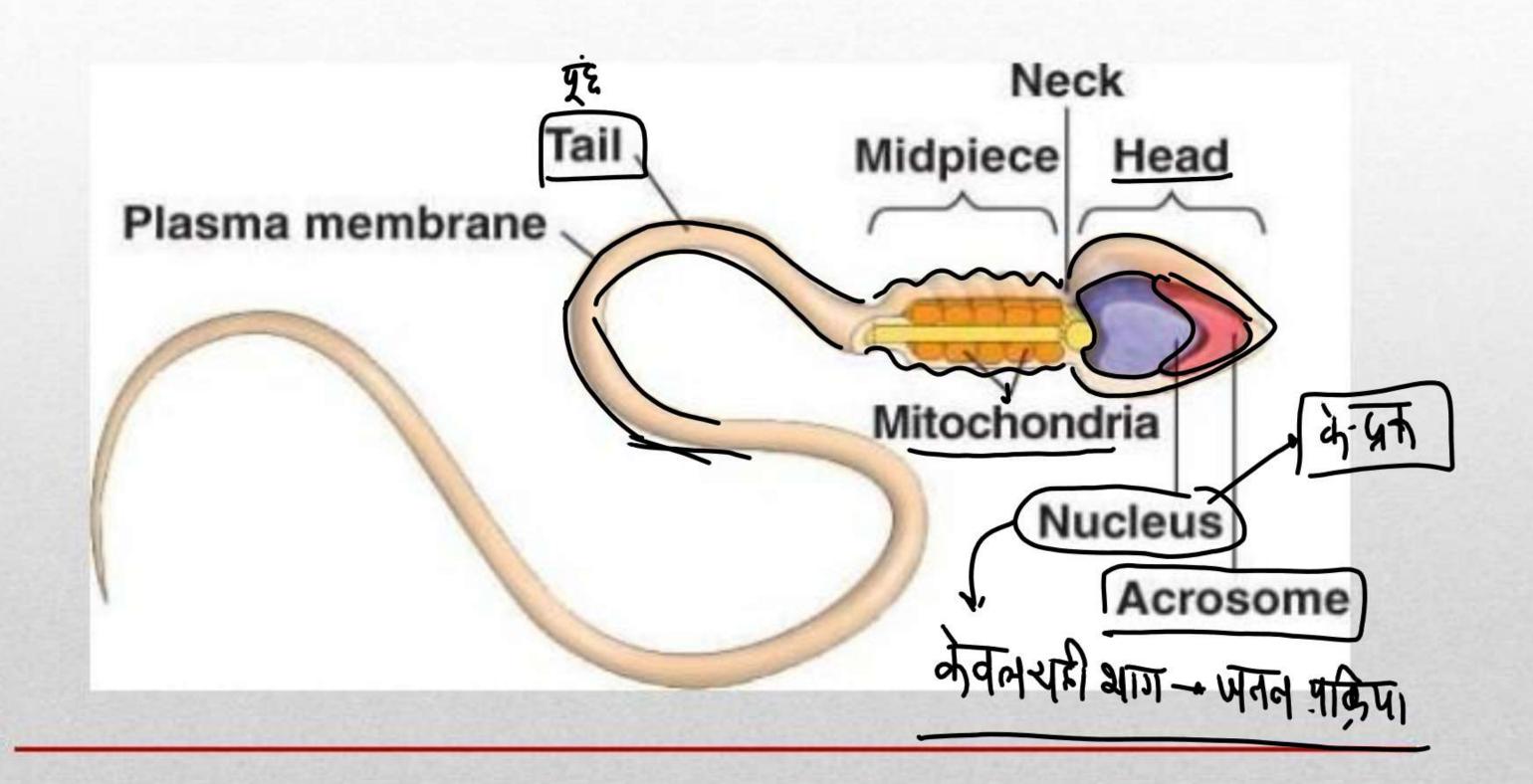


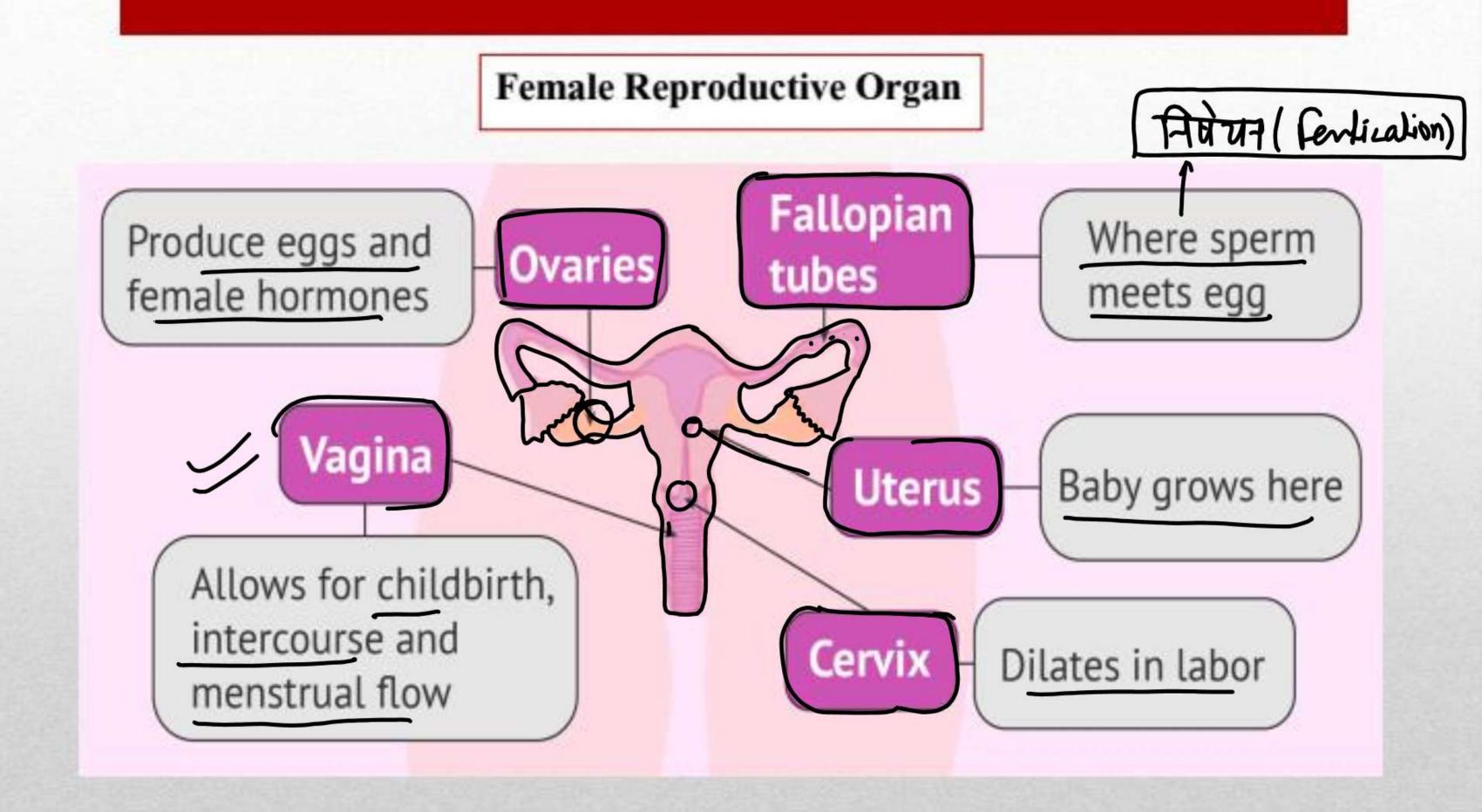
- Animal reproductive parts, like plant reproductive parts, produce gametes that fuse to form a zygote.
- The zygote is responsible for the development of the new individual.
- Sexual reproduction refers to reproduction that being with the fusion of male and female gametes

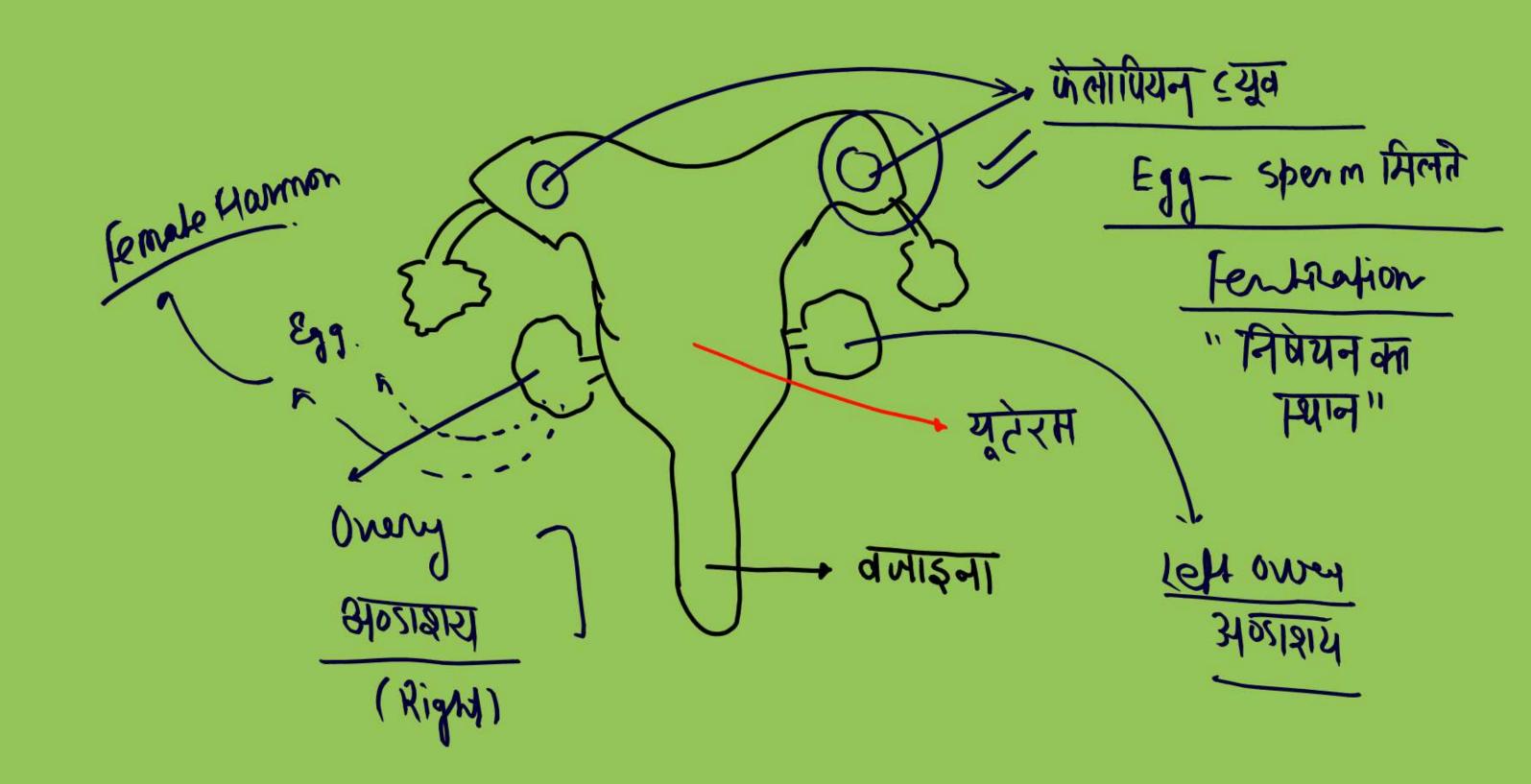
Male reproductive organ

Pair of testes, two sperm ducts, and a penis are the male reproductive organs.







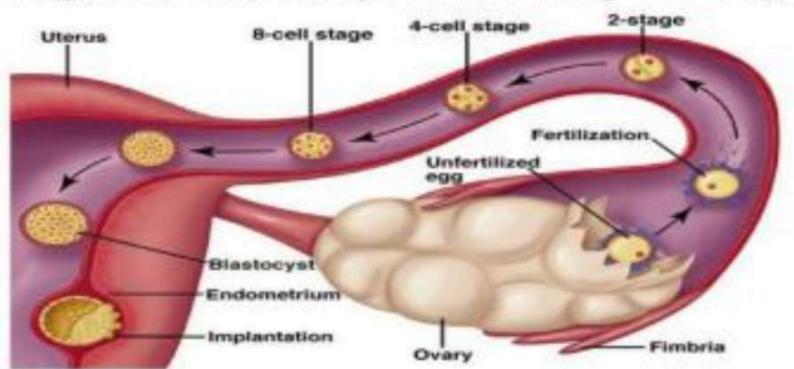


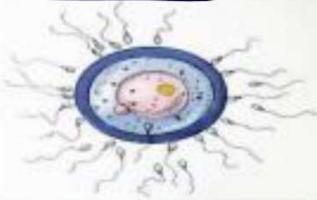
Fertilization

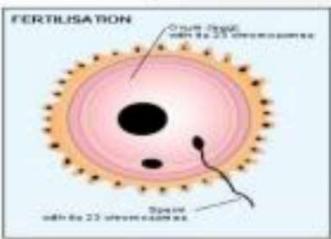
c) Fertilisation in human beings :-

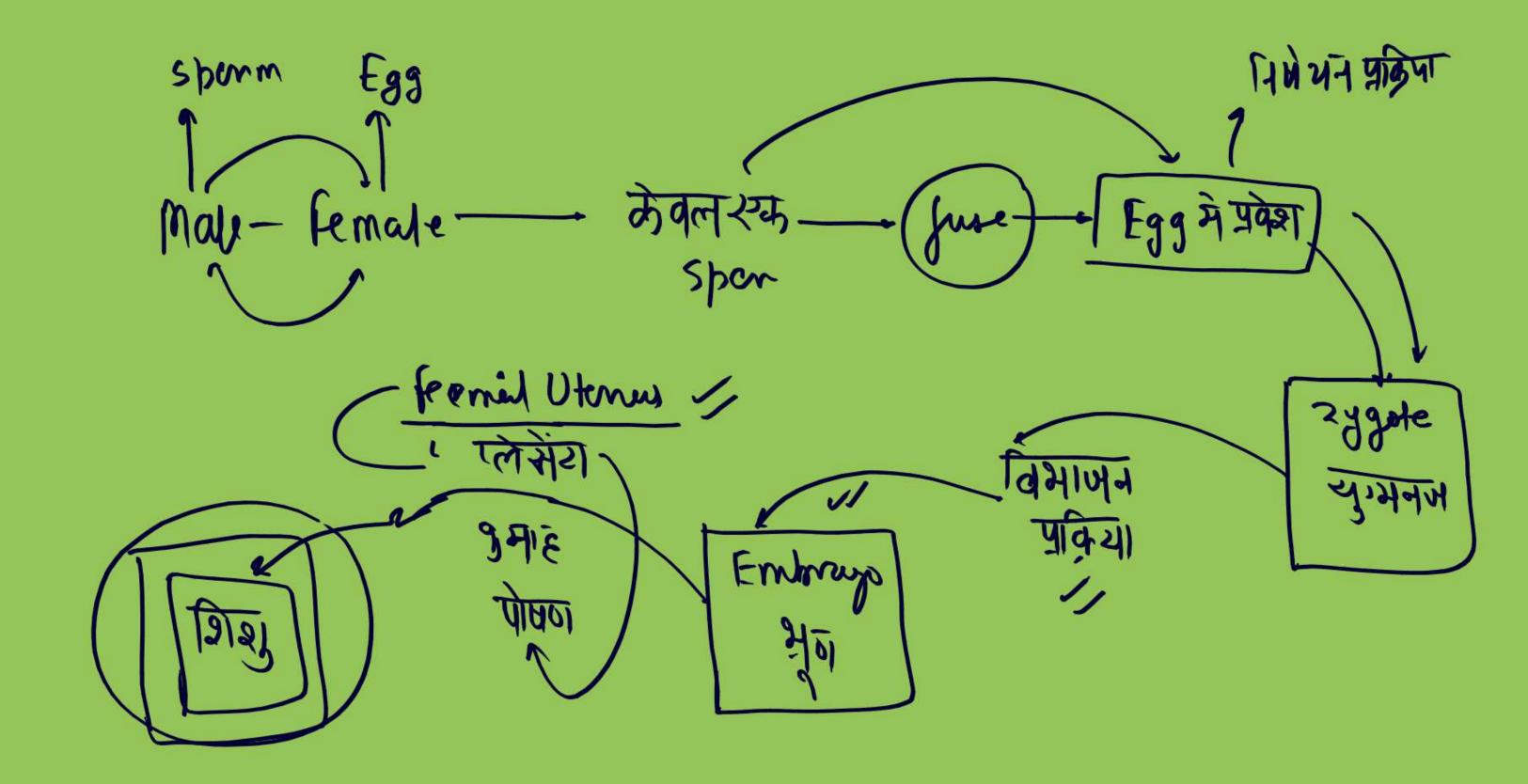
During sexual intercourse the sperms from the male enters into the vagina of the female. The sperms reaches the oviduct. One sperm fuses with an egg and forms a zygote. The zygote then gets implanted in the uterus. The zygote then starts dividing to form an embryo. The embryo gets nutrition from the mother's blood through the placenta. The development of the child takes nine months and then the child is born.

Stages of Development-Early Embryo









Tost Tube Baby In-Vitra-Ferthation
[IVF]

अब मादा — फेलोपियन ट्यूब — ज्वराबी (सूजन) आ जाती है तो ऐमी

१माहबाद-(श्रेश) दिया आता ह मारा के गर्भ मागित कर

किर्ति अपवा, मोरापा या आधिम अक्र उस होने पां अधवा हार्मीन अभियामितन होने छर फेलोपियन ह्यूबमें पाकृतिम रूप में निषेपन नहीं हो पाता ही

प्ट्राहे तथा - १२४१ अमें। जन्म होता है, इम प्रकार अव ट्युअन्र

alon Aman (Extermal fertin-zation)

