

⇒ CONST. development

↓  
DURING Company's  
Rule

① REGULATING ACT  
1773

- ① WAR
- ② PEACE TREATY
- ③ LAND REVENUE

→ Gov of BENGAL → G.C. → BENSAL

WARREN HASTINGS

⇒ COUNCIL of G.C.  
with 4 MEMBERS

⇒ SC → AT CALCUTTA  
LORD AMPHURST  
↳ Chief Justice

PITT'S INDIA ACT

1784

→ PM William Pitt

→ BOARD OF CONTROL  
↳ 6 MEMBERS

ACT of 1786

⇒ ① The post of Military Commander

is also assigned

to

Gov-GEN.

LORD CORNWALLIS

Military Commander

1st G.G.

②

OVERRIDE

decision of Comm.  
If he takes  
the Responsibility

# CHARTER ACT

7

~~1773~~  
1773

1.

2.

3.

CHARTER ACT  
1813

1800  
→

① MONOPOLY of E.I.C Abolished



→ RETAINED THE MONOPOLY

of TEA TRADE

of TRADE WITH CHINA

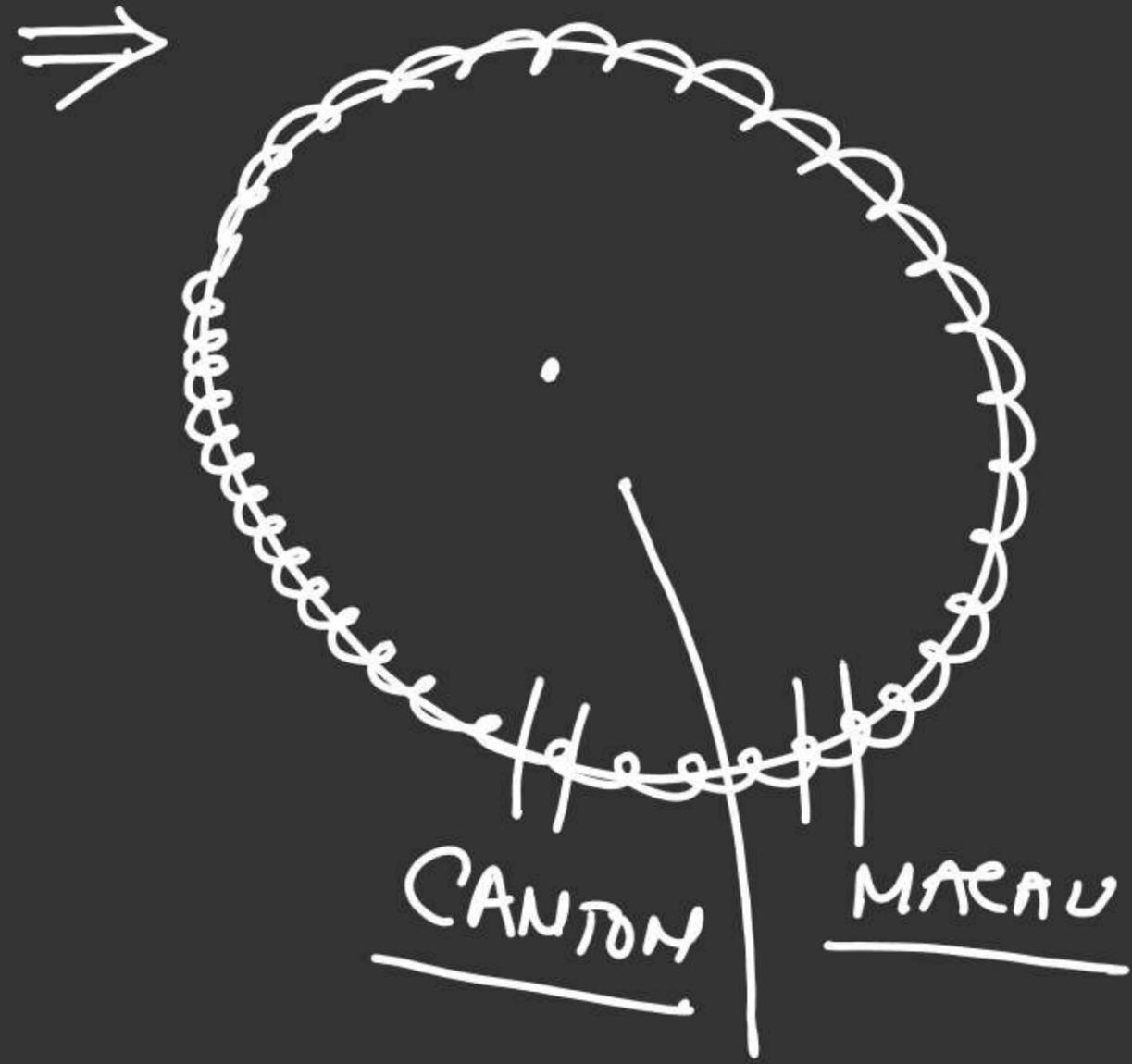
② → 1 lakh £ Education  
budget was fixed  
for development of Education

ANNUAL

③ CHRISTIAN MISSIONARIES  
↓  
officially permitted.  
to operate in INDIA  
for humanitarian work.

④ → THIS PROVISION  
↓  
20 YEARS

AFTER 20 YEARS  
REVISION of  
Charter



CHARTER ACT

1833

⇒ ① ⇒ Complete Abolition of Monopoly.

Abolished

TEA TRADE  
+  
TRADE W/ CHINA

② GOV-GEN  
+  
Bengal



C. C. +  
COUNCIL OF INDIA



LAW MAKING  
POWER



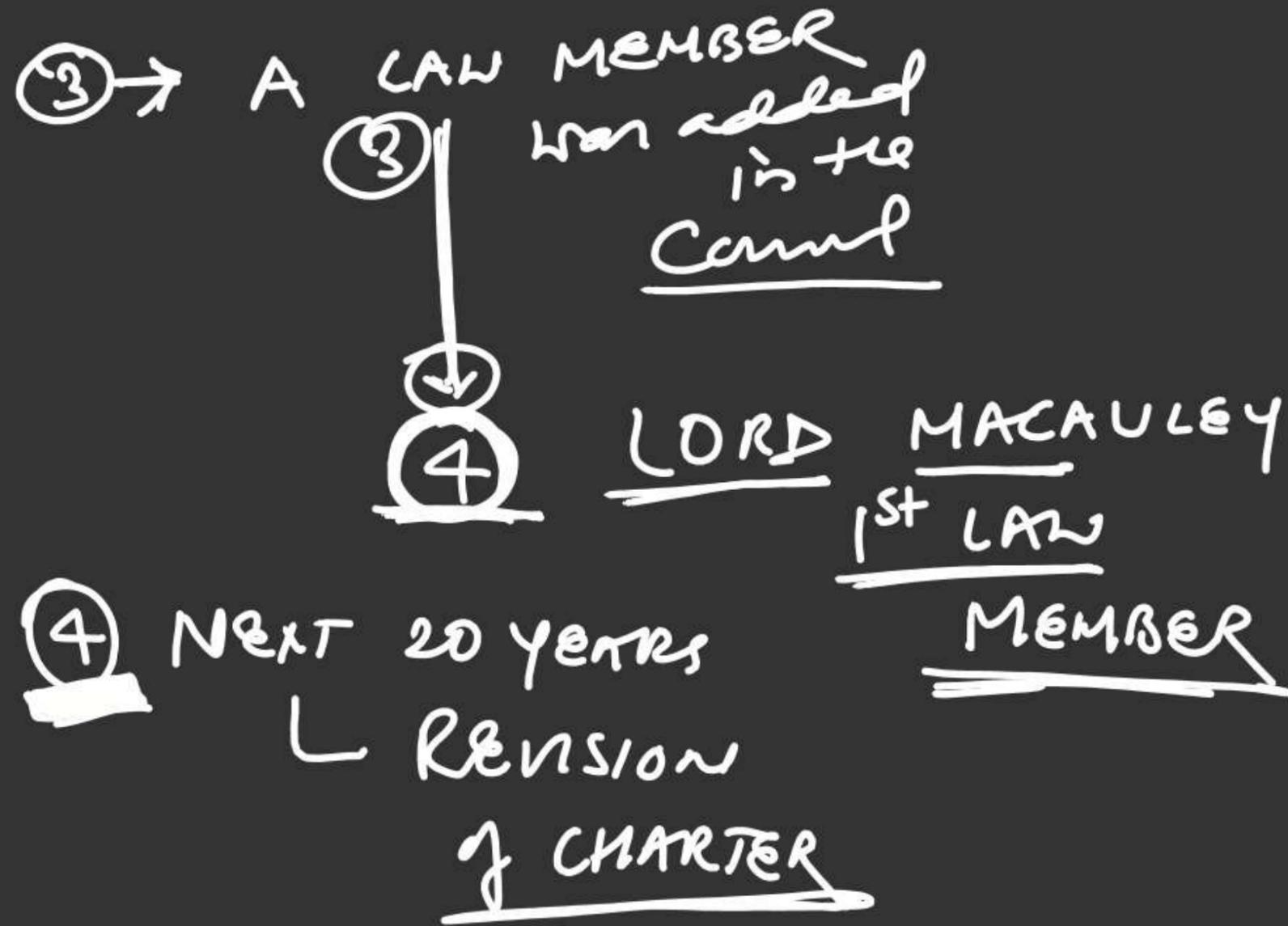
C. C.

LORD  
William  
BENTICK



1st C. C. +  
COUNCIL OF INDIA





CHARTER ACT 1853

① →

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

12

3 Gov - 1 GEN

4

1 Gov - 5 SEN.

8+1



Gov GEN  
&  
SEN



~~S. Carter~~

3. COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION  
had started

✓ for  
development of

Civil SERVANTS

# ECONOMIC HISTORY of INDIA

## ① IMPACT of BR. ECONOMIC POLICIES.

- ① DRAIN of WEALTH
- ② Down. of Agriculture
- ③ DESTRUCTION of HANDICRAFT Industries
- ④ GROWTH of Ag labour.

⑤ RURAL INDEBTEDNESS.

DEVELOPMENT  
of UNDER  
DEVELOPMENT

DRAIN of WEALTH

DRAIN - TRANSFER of WEALTH & Commodities

Index to England



DADA BHAI NAUROJI



POVERTY AND

UNBRITISH

RULE IN

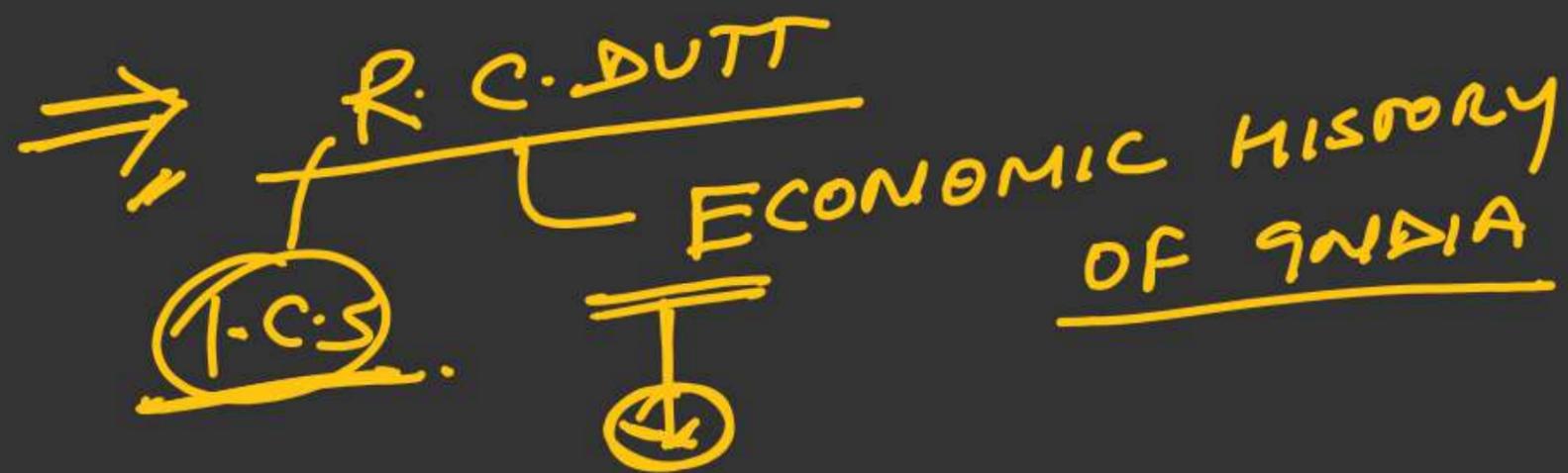
INDIA



ENGLAND'S

debt to INDIA





⇒ S. N. BANERJEE

⇒ G. SUBRAMANIAM

AIYER

THE HINDU

TO Explain  
the colonial  
Exploitation

FORMS OF DRAIN : →

① TRADE & COMMERCE.

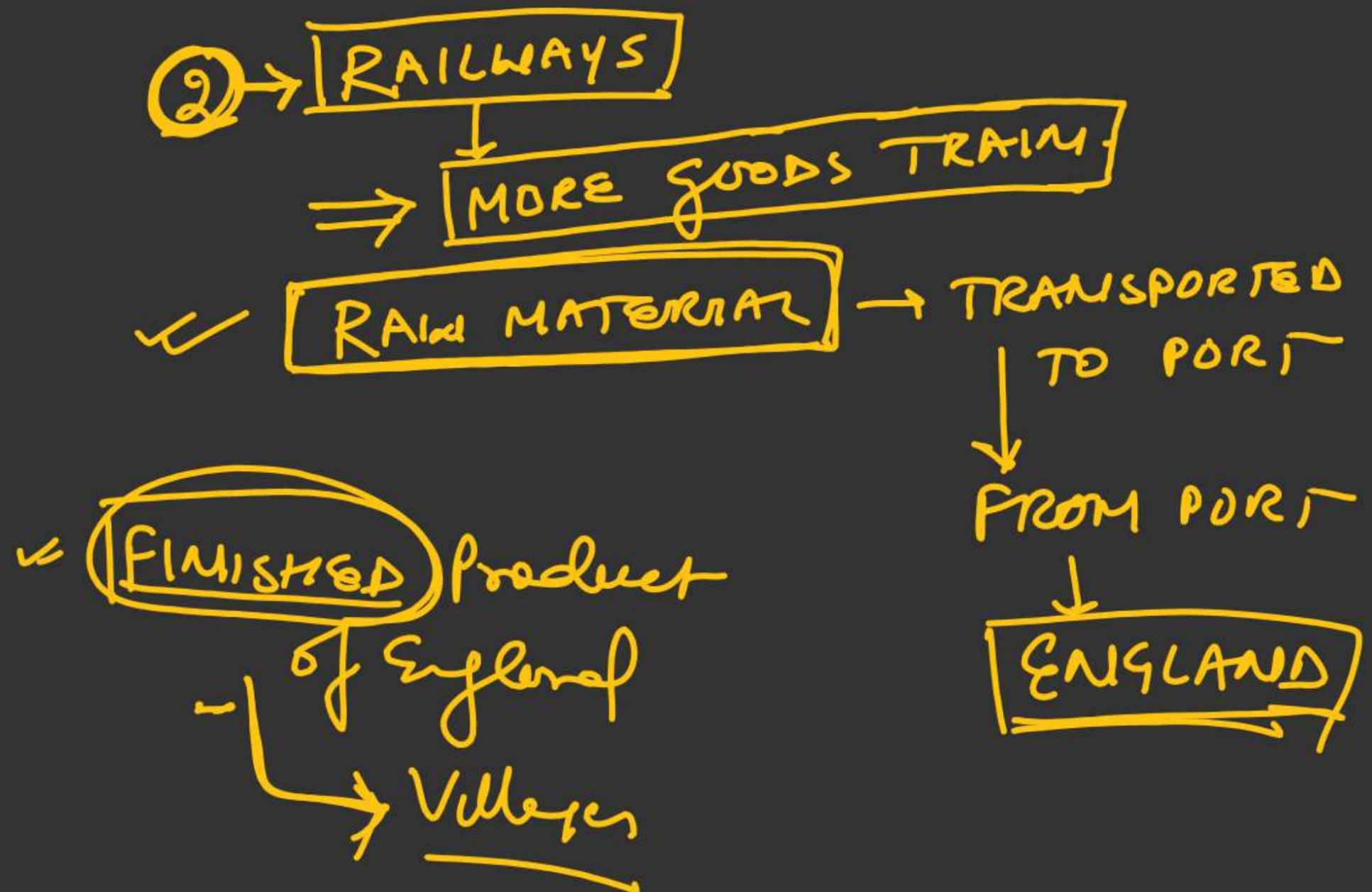
↓  
It started with

FIRMAAN of 1717

It REACHED TO THE  
CLIMAX AFTER

BATTLE of PLASSEY.

PLASSEY PLUNDER

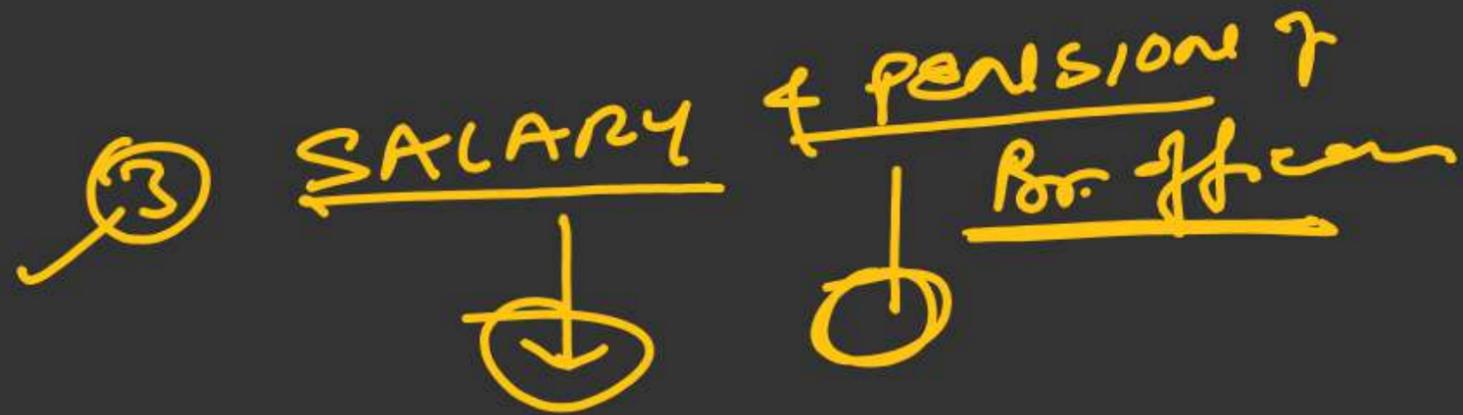




③ → HOME CHARGES.

① → Expenditure of  
INDIA HOUSE  
↓  
(MINISTRY in England)

② SACARY & MEMBER of  
INDIA COUNCIL  
⑤



HIGH SALARY →

④ Expenditure of WAR

⑤ Cost of Military

⇒ Rs & t Exchange rate

1 t = 80 Rs  
5/- 8 pen

1 t 75

7 pen 1 Refm.



QMPACT:-

① 9+ lead capital formation  
in QADIA

General  
Unit

② LAND REVENUE ADM<sup>n</sup>

①- PERMANENT Settlement — BENGAL

②- Ryotwar settlement → BOMBAY & MADRAS.

③- Mahalwari settlement  
↳ Central INDIA

③

STAGES OF COLONIALISM.



① 1757-1813 - 1st stage

MERCANTILISM.



② 1813-1860 - 2nd stage

FREE TRADE



③ 1860-1947

FINANCE Capitalism

<u>GDP</u>	1757	<u>Exp</u>
25%		5%
	1857	1%