



# KHAN GLOBAL STUDIES

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**GS PAPER- II (CSAT)**

**By Dhrub Sir**

ମାତ୍ରିକ ମ୍ହ. ୩୧୯ ପ୍ରକାଶ କେନ୍ଦ୍ର ପାଠ୍ୟ ମାର୍ଗ  
 ପ୍ରକାଶ ପାଠ୍ୟ ମାର୍ଗ ଏତେ ହାତେ ପାଠ୍ୟ ମାର୍ଗ

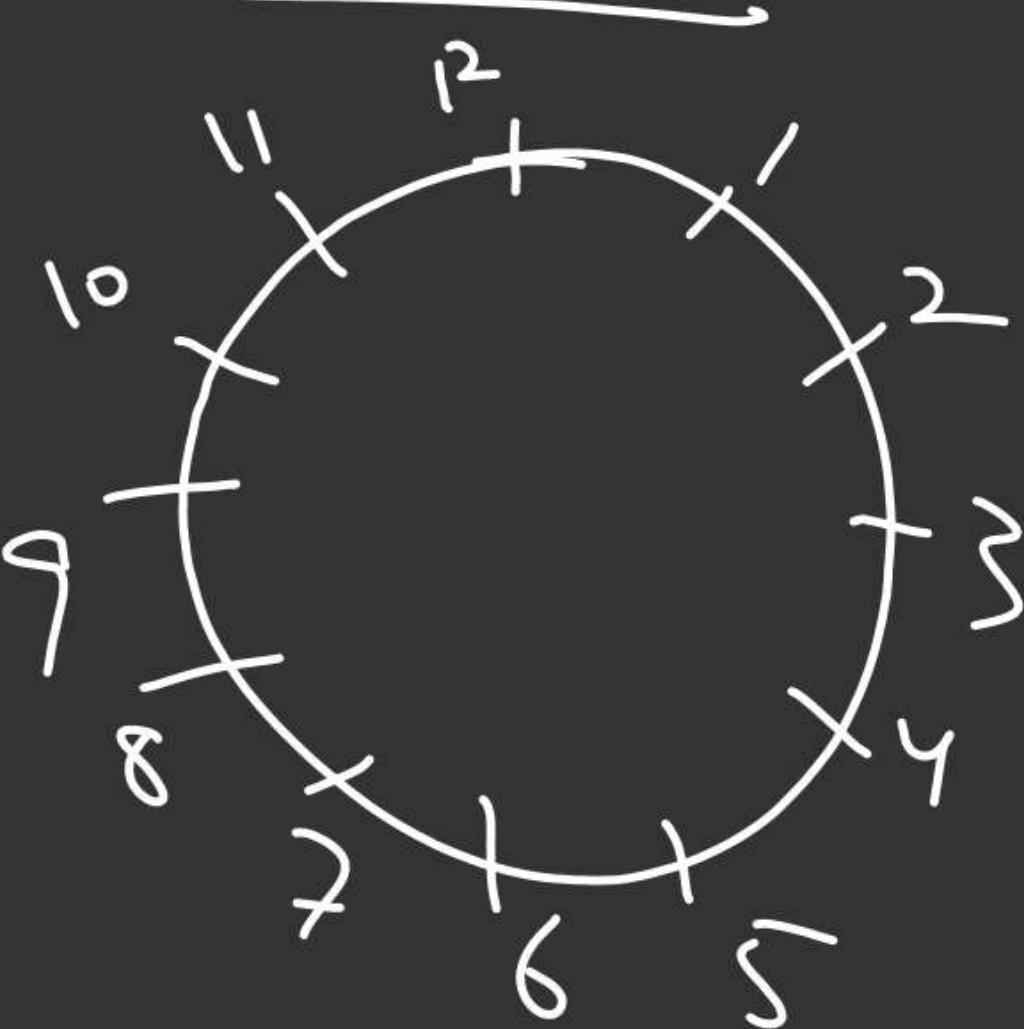
$$60 \text{ KM} = 360^\circ$$

$$1 \text{ KM} = 6^\circ$$

$$5 \text{ KM} = 30^\circ$$

$$10 \text{ KM} = 60^\circ$$

$$15 \text{ KM} = 90^\circ$$



$$4:16\frac{4}{11}, 4:27\frac{3}{11}$$

Ex: 4  $\frac{99}{31}$  5 අනුදායා වෙත පැමුව මාරු 30° ම්‍යා නිශ්චිත නොහැරු?

$$30^\circ = \frac{30^\circ}{6^\circ} = 5 \text{ KM}$$

MH - gain -

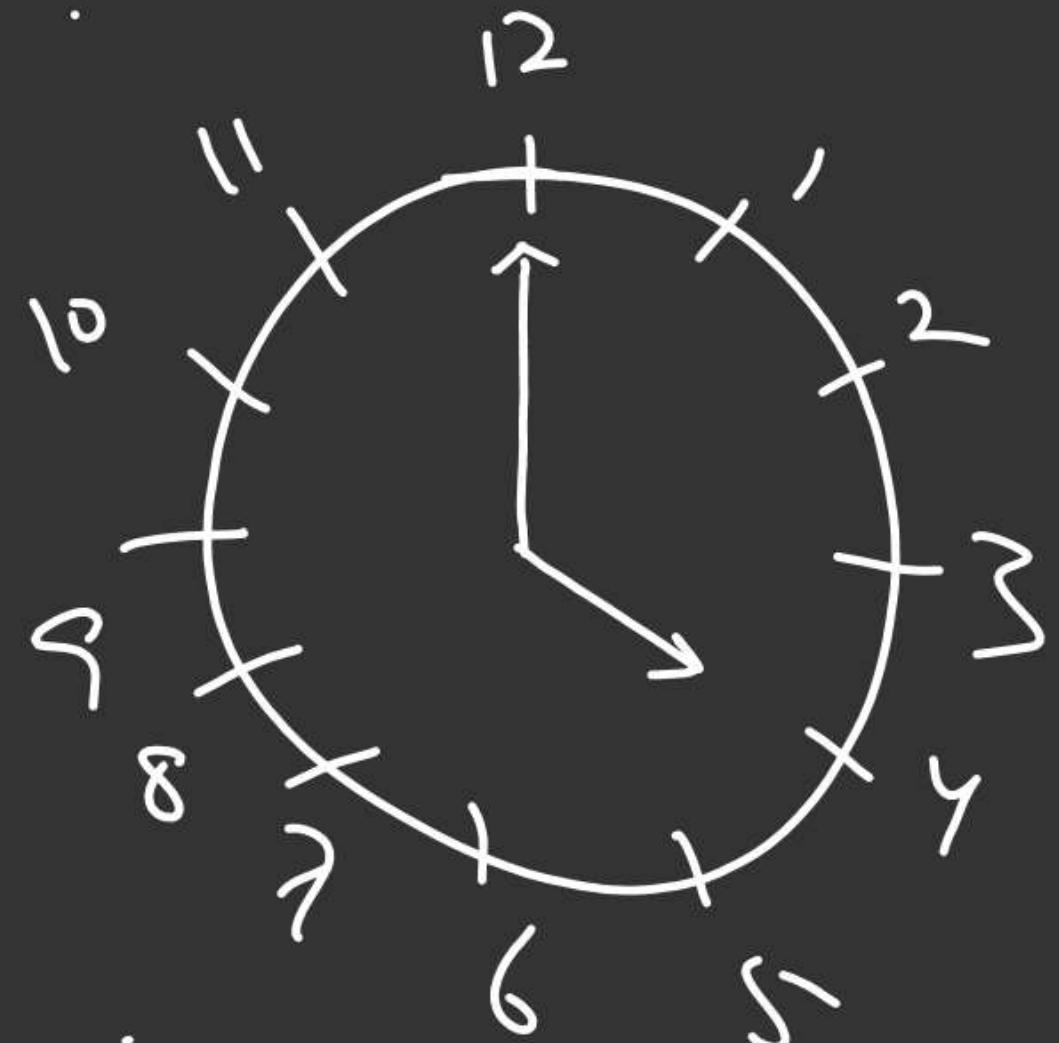
$$15 \text{ KM},$$

$$20 + 5 = 25 \text{ KM}$$

$$\frac{3}{11} \frac{15}{55} \text{ h},$$

$$\frac{5}{11} \frac{25}{55} \text{ h}$$

$$= \frac{300}{77} \text{ min} \\ = 27\frac{3}{11}.$$



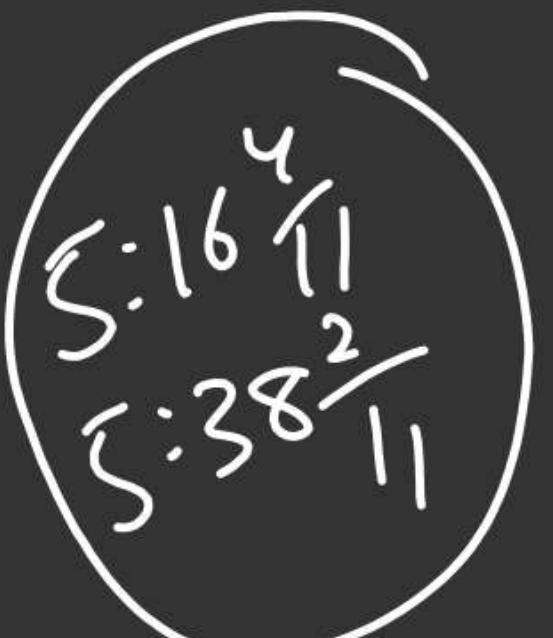
$$\frac{180}{11} \text{ min} = 16\frac{4}{11},$$

**Q.11. When is the angle 60 degrees between 5 o'clock and 6 o'clock?**

- a. 5:16 (4/11) , 5:38 (2/11)
- b. 5:18 (4/11) , 5:39 (2/11)
- c. 5:20 ,5:40
- d. None of these

**Q.11. 5 बजे और 6 बजे के बीच किस समय कोण 60 डिग्री का होगा?**

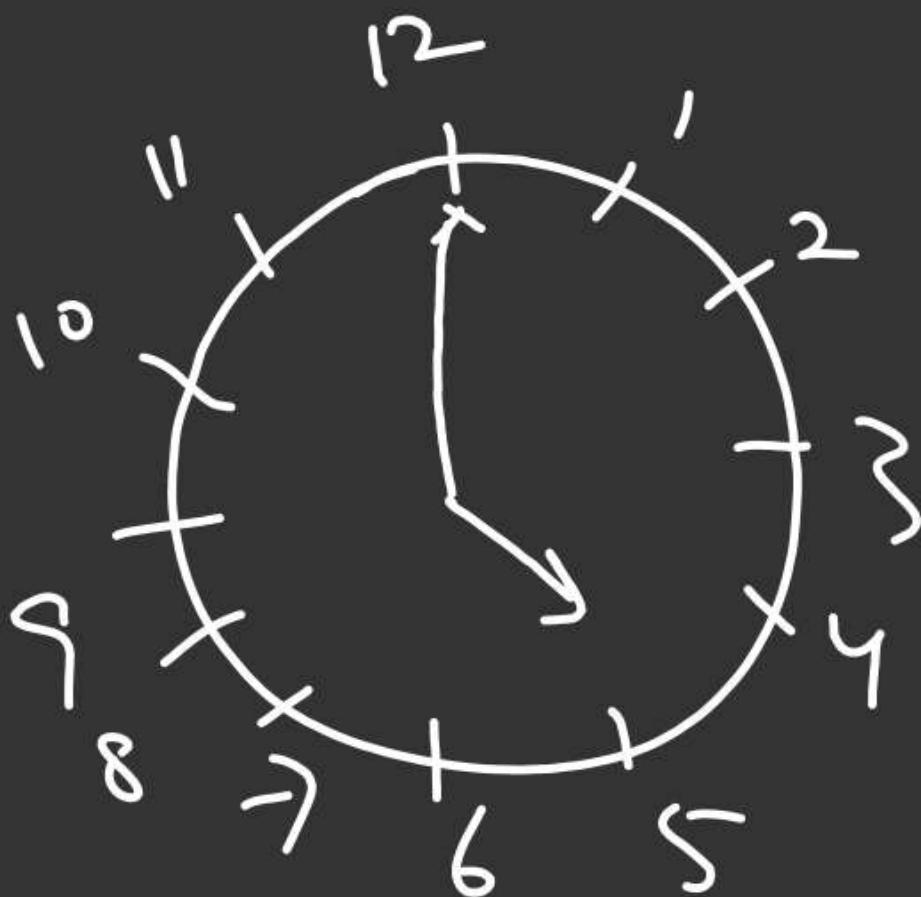
- a. 5:16 (4/11) , 5:38 (2/11)
- b. 5:18 (4/11) , 5:39 (2/11)
- c. 5:20 ,5:40
- d. इनमें से कोई नहीं



$$60^\circ \equiv \frac{60^\circ}{6^\circ} \equiv 10 \text{ KM}$$

MH — Sun.

$$\begin{aligned} & \underline{15 \text{ KM}}, \quad 25 + 10 \\ & \underline{3} \quad \underline{15} \quad h, \quad \underline{7} \quad \underline{35} \quad h = 35 \text{ KM} \\ & \underline{11} \quad \underline{55} \quad h, \quad \underline{11} \quad \underline{55} \quad h = \frac{420}{11} \text{ min} \\ & = \frac{180}{11} \text{ min}, \\ & = 16 \frac{4}{11} \text{ min}, \end{aligned}$$

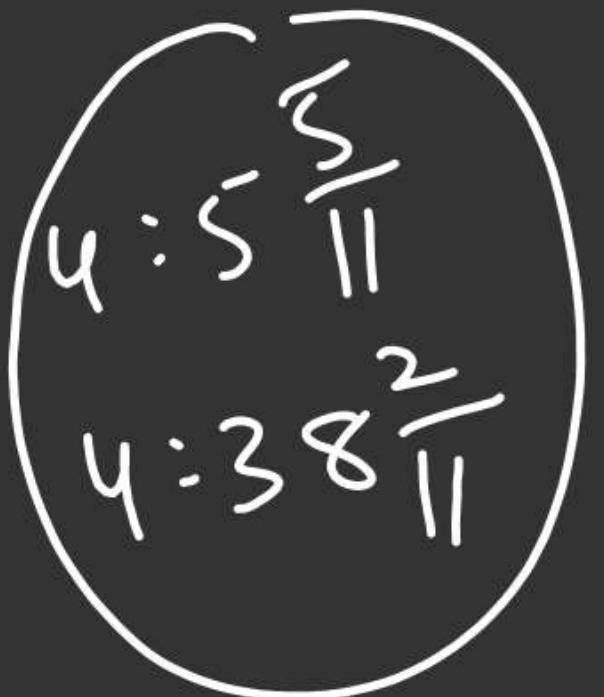


**Q.12. When is the angle 90 degrees between 4 o'clock and 5 o'clock?**

- a. 4:6 (5/11) , 4:39 (2/11)
- b. 4:5 (5/11) , 4:38 (2/11)
- c. 4:10 , 4:48
- d. None of these

**Q.12. 4 बजे और 5 बजे के बीच किस समय कोण 90 डिग्री का होगा?**

- a. 4:6 (5/11) , 4:39 (2/11)
- b. 4:5 (5/11) , 4:38 (2/11)
- c. 4:10 , 4:48
- d. इनमें से कोई नहीं



$$\frac{90^\circ}{60^\circ} = 15 \text{ KM}$$

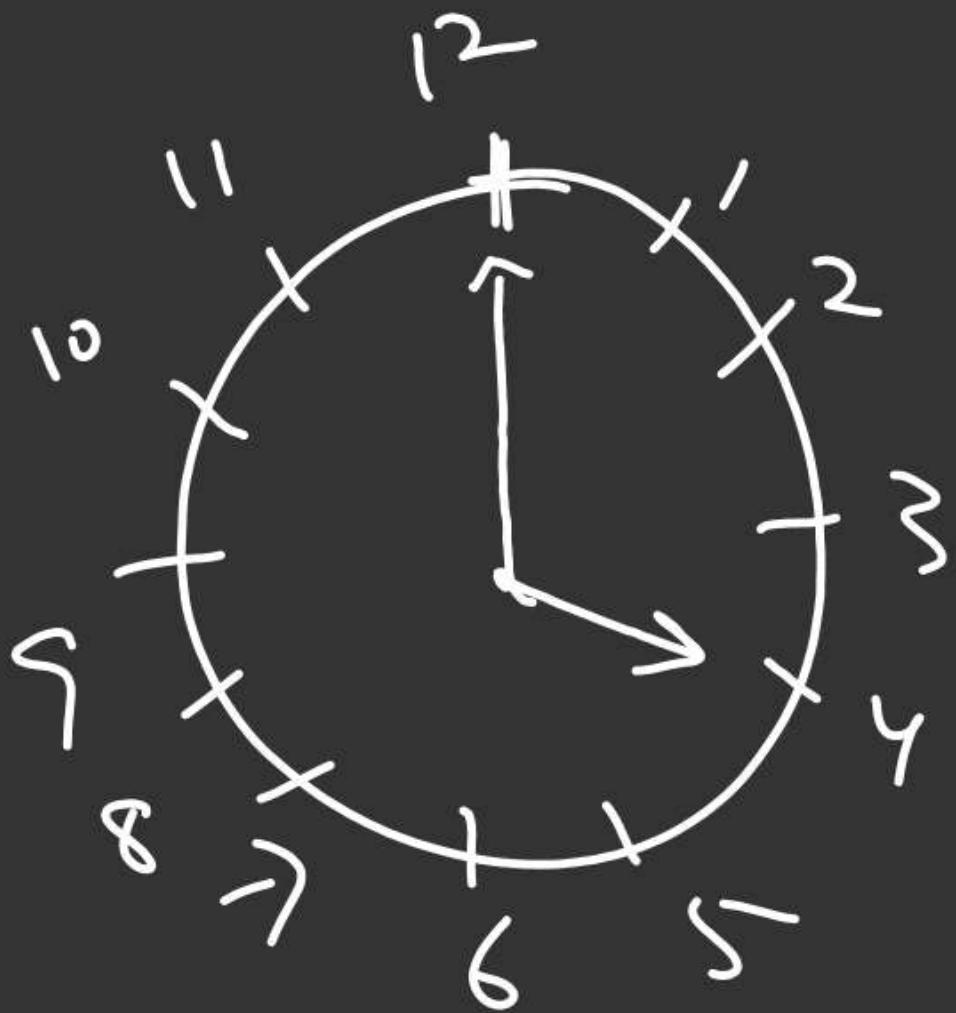
MH — gain

$$5 \text{ KM}, 20 + 15 = 35 \text{ KM}$$

~~$\frac{8}{55} \text{ h}$~~ ,  $\frac{35}{55} \text{ h}$

$$= \frac{60}{\pi} \text{ min}, = \frac{420}{\pi} \text{ min} = 38 \frac{2}{\pi} \text{ min}$$

$$5 \frac{5}{\pi} \text{ min}$$



ਦੋਹਾਂ ਸੂਰਤਾਂ ਦੇ ਅੰਦਰ ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਨਿਭਾਓ।  
ਜਦੋਂ ਏਗੇ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੋ।

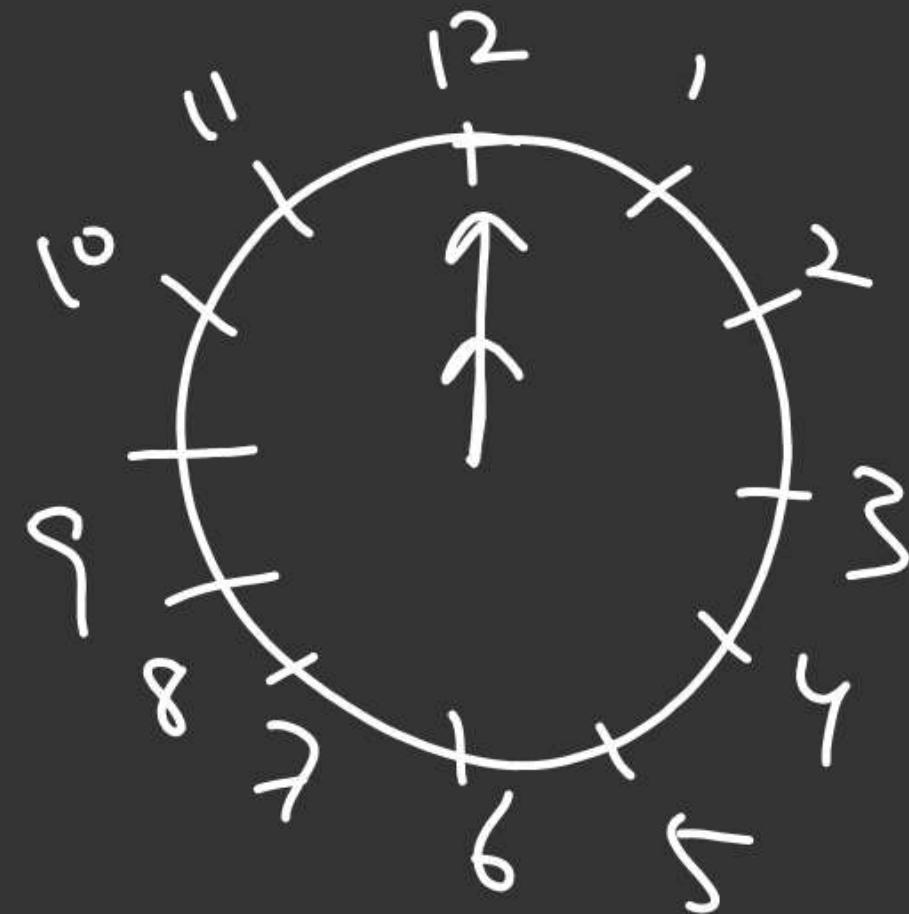
To find angle b/w the hands when  
time is given

$$MH \rightarrow 360^\circ / 60 \text{ min}$$

$$6^\circ / \text{min}$$

$$HH \rightarrow 30^\circ / 60 \text{ min}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}^\circ / \text{min}$$



4:40

At

4,

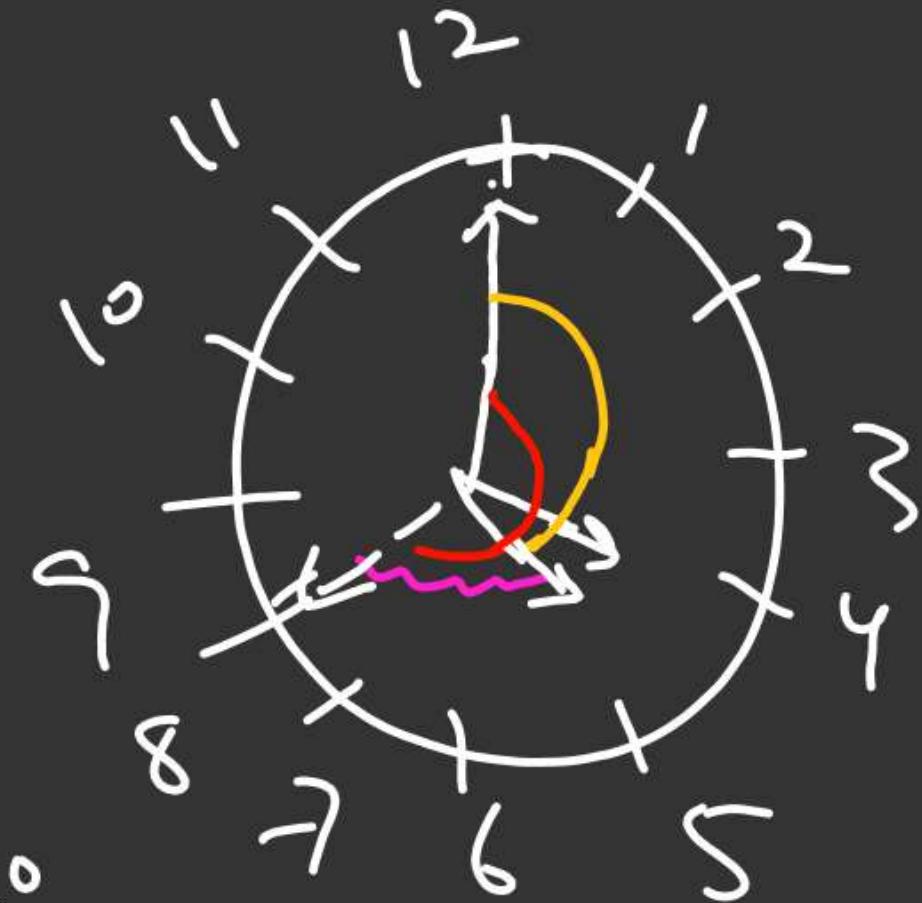
MH —  $0^\circ$

HM —  $120^\circ = 30^\circ \times 4$

At 4:40

MH —  $0^\circ + 40 \times 6^\circ = 240^\circ$

HM —  $120 + 40 \times \frac{1}{2}^\circ = 140^\circ$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & 240 - 140^\circ \\
 & = 100^\circ
 \end{aligned}$$

**Q.13. Find the angle between the hands at 5:10.** Q.13. 5 बजकर 10 मिनट पर घड़ी की सुइयों के बीच

- a. 95 degree.
- b. 105 degree.
- c. 45 degree.
- d. None of these.

का कोण ज्ञात कीजिए।

- a. 95 डिग्री
- b. 105 डिग्री
- c. 45 डीग्री
- d. इनमें से कोई नहीं

At S

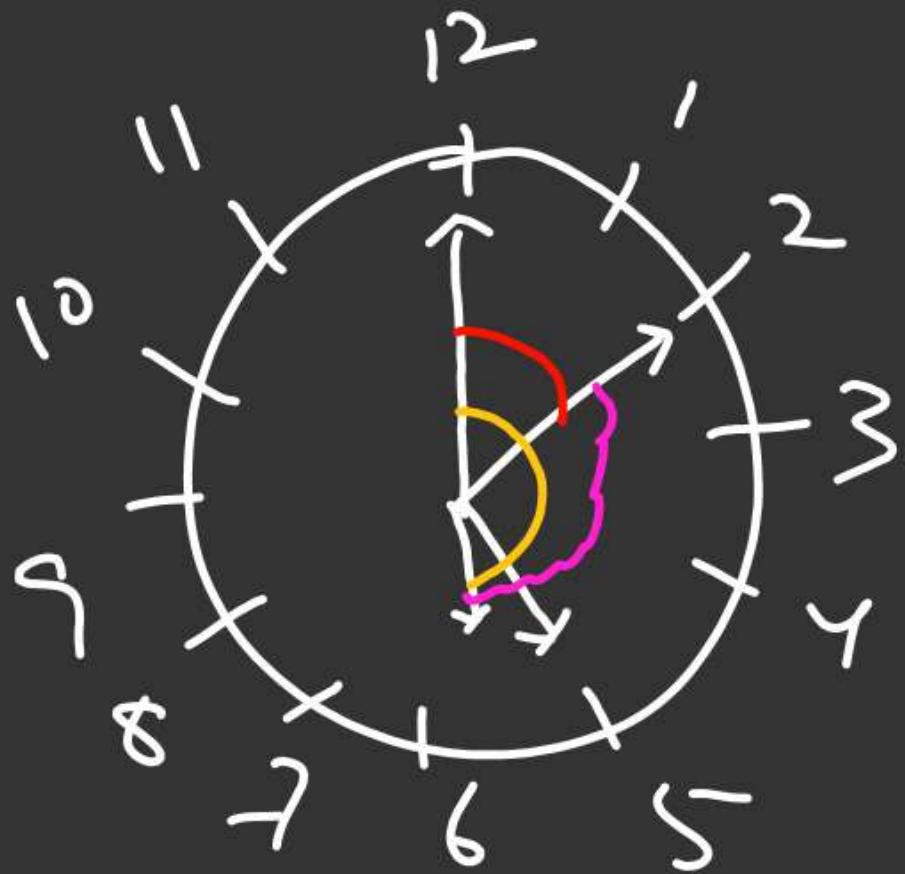
$$MH = 0^\circ$$

$$HH = 30^\circ \times 5 = 150^\circ$$

At S: 10

$$MH = 0^\circ + 10 \times 6^\circ = 60^\circ$$

$$HH = 150^\circ + 10 \times \frac{1}{2}^\circ = 155^\circ$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 155^\circ - 60^\circ \\ \hline = 95^\circ \end{array}$$

**Q.14. Find the angle between the hands at 5:25.**

- a. 25 degree.
- b. 12.5 degree.
- c. 15.5 degree.
- d. 16.5 degree.

**Q.14. 5 बजकर 25 मिनट पर घड़ी की सूईयों के बीच का कोण ज्ञात कीजिए।**

- a. 25 डिग्री
- b. 12.5 डिग्री
- c. 15.5 डिग्री
- d. 16.5 डिग्री

At S

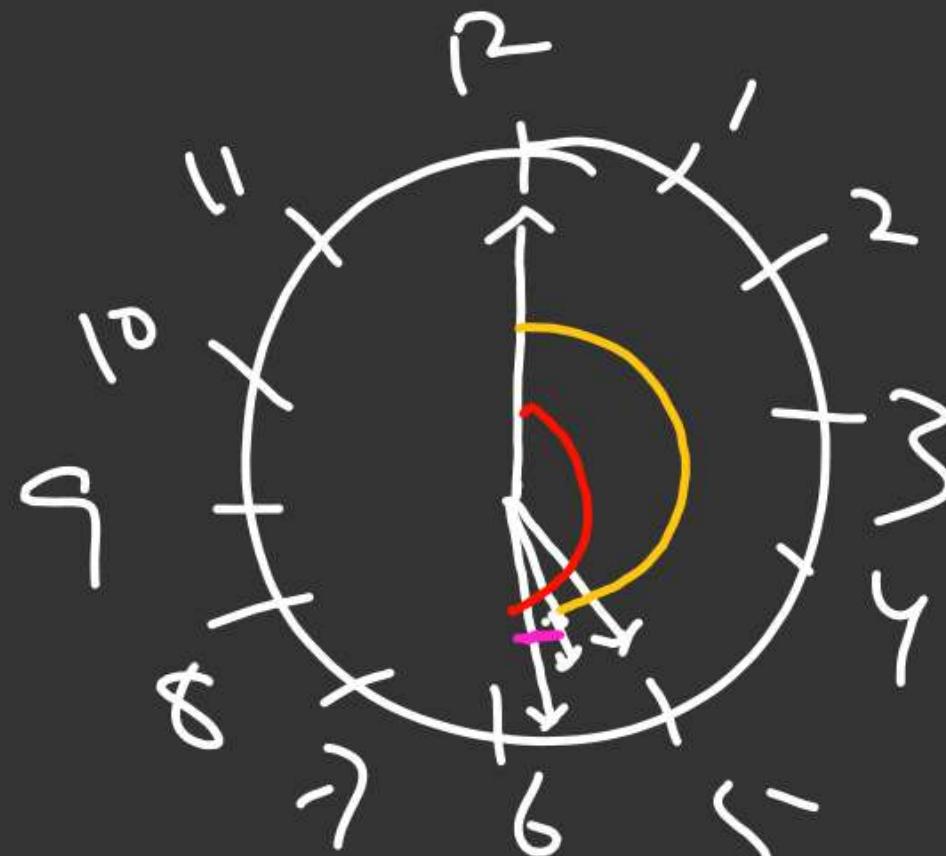
$$MH = 0^\circ$$

$$HH = 30^\circ \times 5 = 150^\circ$$

At S : 25^-

$$\begin{aligned} MH &= 0^\circ + 25 \times 6^\circ \\ &= 150^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$HH = 150^\circ + 25 \times \frac{1}{2}^\circ = 162.5^\circ$$



$$\begin{aligned} &162.5^\circ - 150^\circ \\ &= k \cdot 5^\circ \end{aligned}$$

**Q.25. Consider the following statements:**

1. Between 3:16 p.m. and 3:17 p.m., both hour hand and minute hand coincide. 2. Between 4:58 p.m. and 4:59 p.m., both minute hand and second hand coincide. Which of the above statements is/are correct?

(UPSC PT 2022)

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

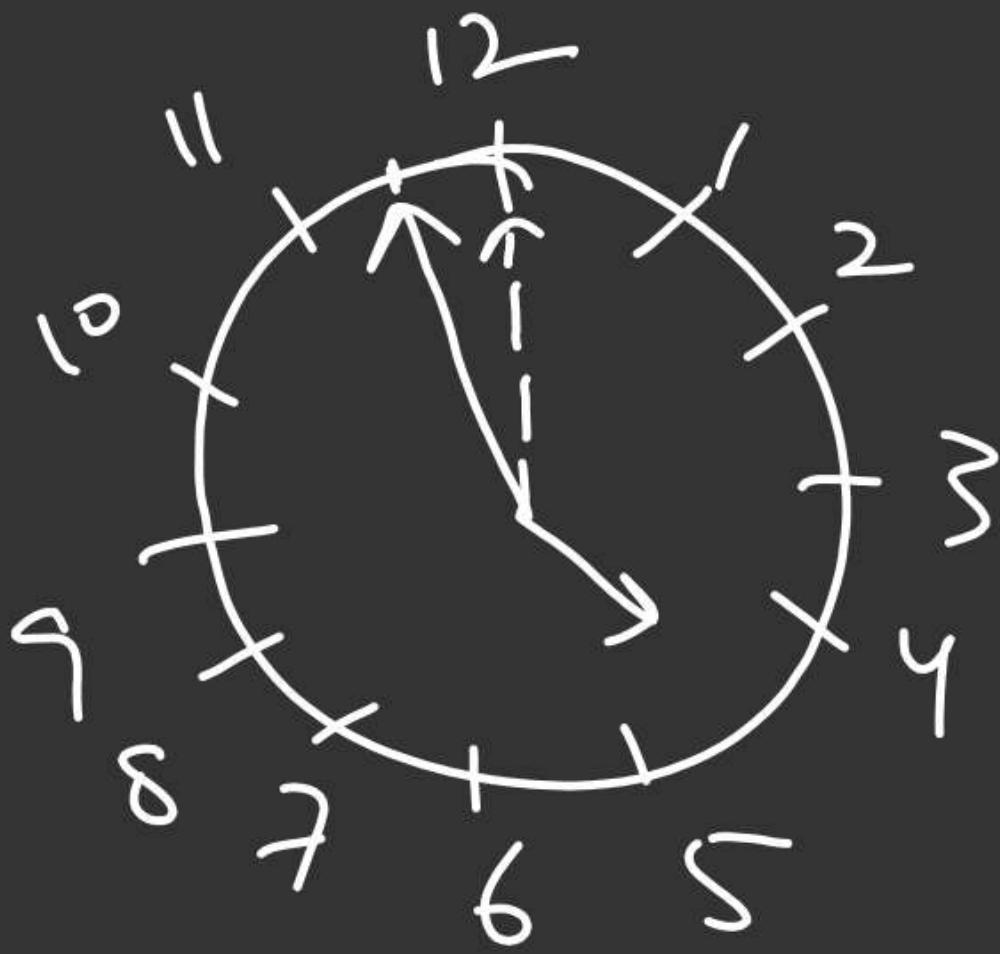
**Q.25. निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए:**

- 1. अपराह्न 3:16 बजे और अपराह्न 3:17 बजे के बीच, घड़ी की घंटे की सुई और मिनट की सुई एक साथ मिलती है।
- 2. अपराह्न 4:58 बजे और अपराह्न 4:59 के बीच, घड़ी की मिनट की सुई और सेकंड की सुई एक साथ मिलती है।

उपरोक्त में से कौन-सा/से कथन सत्य है/हैं?

(UPSC PT 2022)

- a. केवल 1
- b. केवल 2
- c. 1 और 2 दोनों
- d. न तो 1 और न ही 2

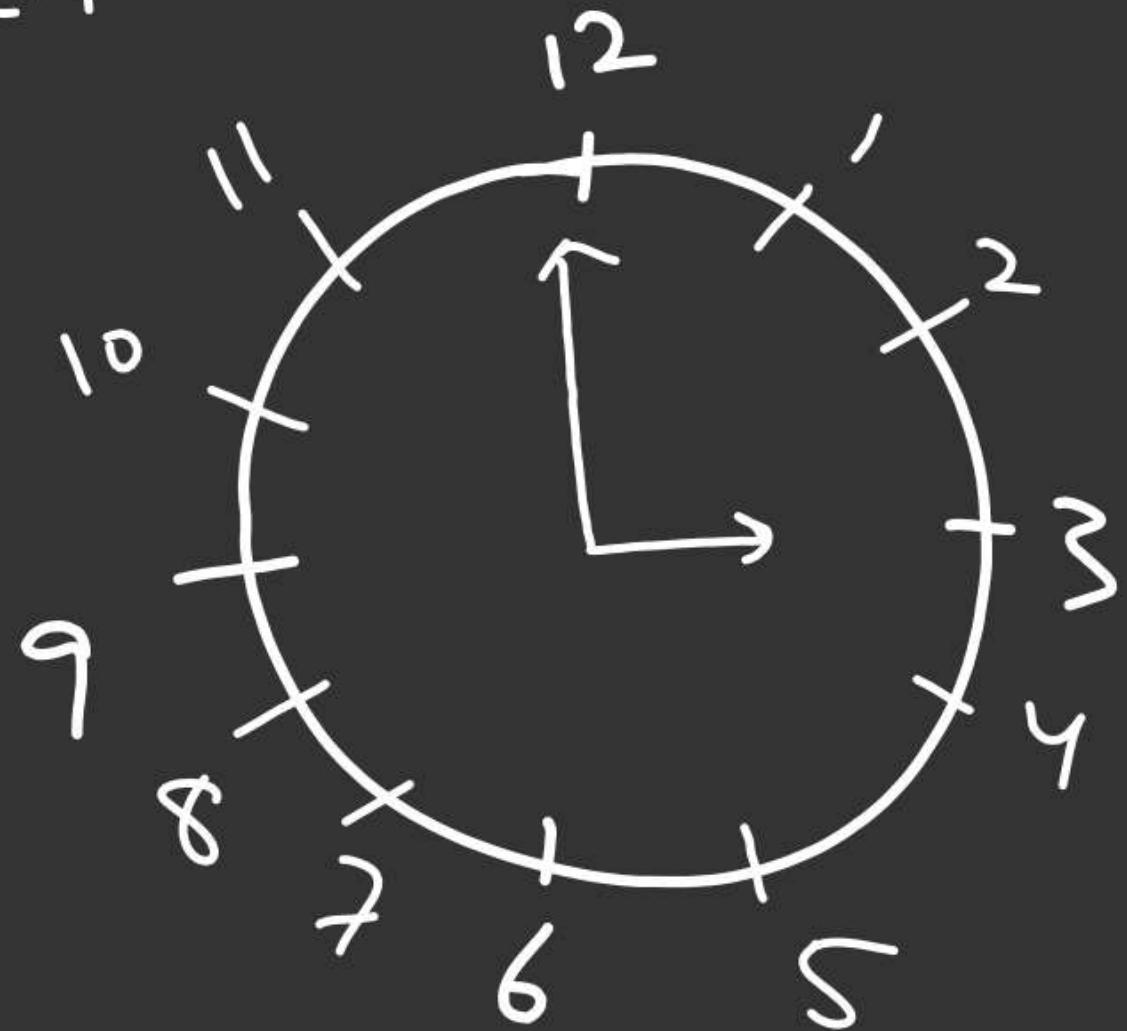




MH - Saich - 15 KM

$\frac{3 \times 60}{11} \text{ min}$

$$= \frac{180}{11} \text{ min} = 16 \frac{4}{11} \text{ min}$$



**THANK YOU!**