

compound Interest

→ C.I = एकवृद्धि व्याज

12 वर्ष^c → 1500 ₹

6 वर्ष^c → 750 ₹ ✓

6 वर्ष^c → 750 × 2 = 1500 ✓

2250 ₹

S.I ∝ P × r × t

S.I ∝ P

S.I ∝ r

S.I ∝ t



18 वर्ष \xrightarrow{C} 2700₹
 19 वर्ष \xrightarrow{C} 150₹

10 वर्ष \xrightarrow{C} $10 \times 200 = 2000₹$ (4)

5 वर्ष \xrightarrow{C} $5 \times 200 \times 3 = 3000₹$ (4)

12 वर्ष \xrightarrow{C} $12 \times 150 = 1800$

6 वर्ष \xrightarrow{C} $6 \times 150 \times \frac{160}{100}$
 $= 90 \times 16 = 1440$

5000₹

+60%

$1800 + 1440 = 3240$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} p \rightarrow 10 \\ A \rightarrow 11 \end{array} \right\} S.I = 1\%$$



$$10\text{€} \times 1\text{M} + 9\text{€} \times 1\text{M} + 8\text{€} \times 1\text{M} + \dots + 1\text{€} \text{ or } 1\text{M}$$

$$1\text{M} [10 + 9 + 8 + \dots + 2 + 1]$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{10 \times 11}{2} = 55$$

$$55 \times \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{8}{100} = 1$$

$$11\% = \frac{240}{11}$$

$$21 \frac{9}{11} \%$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} P \rightarrow 10\% \\ A \rightarrow 11\% \end{array} \right\} S.I = 1$$

$$10 + 9 + 8 + \dots + 1 = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{10 \times 11}{2} = 55$$

$$S.I = \frac{P \times r \times t}{100}$$

$$1 = \frac{55 \times r \times 1}{\frac{100 \times 10}{2}}$$

$$240 = 11r$$

$$r = \frac{240}{11} = 21\frac{9}{11}\%$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 9 \\ 10 \end{array} \right\} S.I = 1$$

$$9 + 8 + 7 + \dots + 1 = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{9 \times 10}{2} = 45$$

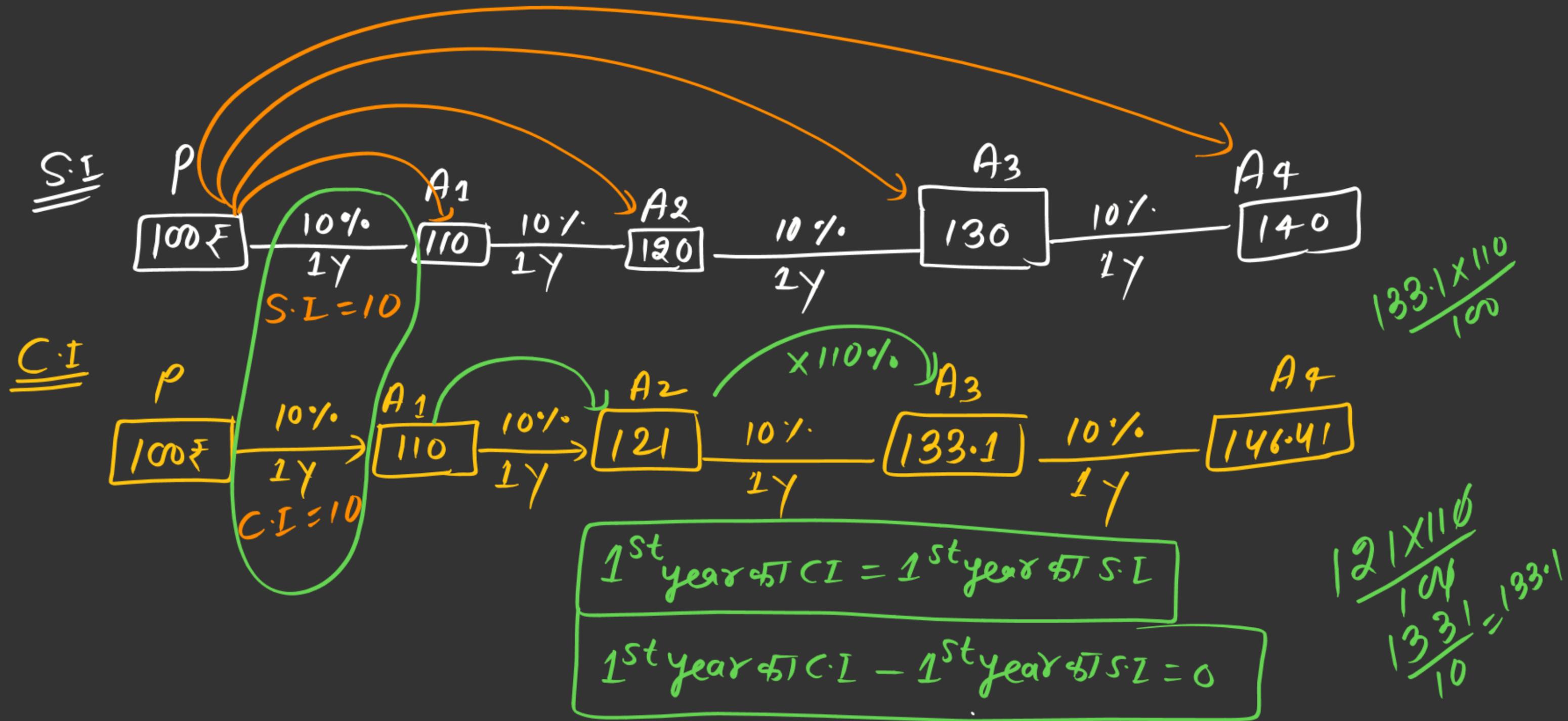
$$S.I = \frac{P \times r \times t}{100}$$

$$1 = \frac{45 \times r \times 1}{\frac{100 \times 12}{2}}$$

$$3r = 80$$

$$r = \frac{80}{3} = 26\frac{2}{3}\% = 26.67\%$$

compound Interest



$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n$$

$$C.I = A - P$$

$$C.I = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n - P$$

$$C.I = P \left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^n - 1 \right]$$

$$A = P + C.I$$

- ~~(i)~~ वार्षिक \rightarrow 8% t
- ~~(ii)~~ छमाही \rightarrow $\frac{8}{2}\%$ $2t$
- ~~(iii)~~ चार माही \rightarrow $\frac{8}{3}\%$ $3t$
- ~~(iv)~~ तीमाही \rightarrow $\frac{8}{4}\%$ $4t$
- ~~$\frac{19}{3}$ (4)~~

2 वर्ष का C.I

$$\left(A + B \pm \frac{A \times B}{100} \right) \%$$

$$C.I = A + B + \frac{A \times B}{100}$$

$\gamma \%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष

$$C.I \rightarrow \gamma + \gamma + \frac{\gamma \times \gamma}{100} = \left(2\gamma + \frac{\gamma^2}{100} \right) \%$$

$\gamma \rightarrow 3\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 6.09

2% }
2 वर्ष } 4.04%

14% }
2 वर्ष } C.I = 28
1.96
29.96%

(i) $\gamma \rightarrow 4\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 8.16%

(v) $\gamma \rightarrow 8\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 16.64%

(ii) $\gamma \rightarrow 5\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 10.25%

(vi) $\gamma \rightarrow 9\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 18.81%

(iii) $\gamma \rightarrow 6\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 12.36%

(vii) $\gamma \rightarrow 10\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 20
1.00
21%

(iv) $\gamma \rightarrow 7\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 14.49%

(viii) $\gamma \rightarrow 12\%$
 $t \rightarrow 2$ वर्ष } C.I = 24
1.44
25.44%