

CSAT (MATHS)

By Dhruv Singh Sir



$$\begin{array}{c}
 10\% \quad 10\% \quad 10\% \\
 \swarrow \quad \searrow \quad \nearrow \\
 10 + 10 + \frac{10 \times 10}{100} \\
 = 21 \\
 \text{---} \\
 21 + 10 + \frac{21 \times 10}{100} = 33.1
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 CI &= 33.1\% \text{ of } 1200 \\
 &= 1200 \times 3 + 12 \times 3 + 1.2 \\
 &= 360 + 36 + 1.2 = 397.2 \\
 A &= \underline{1597.2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex: 1200 ——— (a) 10% ——— 3 yrs.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= P(1 + r)^n \\
 CI &= A - P \\
 &= 1597.2 - 1200 \\
 &= \underline{397.2}
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \bigg| \quad
 \begin{aligned}
 &= 1200 \left(1 + \frac{10}{100}\right)^3 \\
 &= 1200 \left(\frac{11}{10}\right)^3 \\
 &= 1200 \times \frac{11^3}{1000} \\
 &= \frac{12 \times 1331}{10} = \underline{1597.2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \quad 12 \\ \swarrow \quad \searrow \\ 12 + 12 + \frac{12 \times 12}{100} \\ = \underline{25.44} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \hline 25.44 + 12 + \frac{25.44 \times 12}{100} \\ = 37.44 + 3.05 \\ \approx \underline{40.5} \end{array}$$

$$CI = 40.5\% \text{ of } 1200$$

$$= 120 \times 4 + 6 = \underline{486}$$

$$A = \underline{1686}$$

Ex: 1200 ——— (a) 12% ——— 3 yrs.

Comp. ann.

$$A = 1200 \left(1 + 12\%\right)^3$$

$$= 1200 \left(1 + \frac{12}{100}\right)^3$$

$$= 1200 \left(1 + \frac{3}{25}\right)^3$$

$$= \underline{1200 \times \left(\frac{28}{25}\right)^3}$$

$$5.1. \quad 57.$$

$$5 + 5 + \frac{5 \times 5}{100} = 10.25$$

$$CI = 10.25\% \text{ of } 1400$$

$$= 140 + 3.5$$

$$= 143.5$$

$$A = 1543.5$$

$$\underline{\text{Ex:}} \quad 1400 \text{ — } \underline{\text{@ } 10\%} \text{ — } 1 \text{ yr.}$$

Comp. six monthly

$$\frac{10\%}{2} = 5\%$$

$$A = 1400 \left(1 + 5\%\right)^2$$

$$= 1400 \left(1 + \frac{1}{20}\right)^2$$

$$= 1400 \times \left(\frac{21}{20}\right)^2$$

6% 6%

$$6 + 6 + \frac{6 \times 6}{100}$$

$$= 12.36\%$$

$$CI = 12.36\% \text{ of } 1400$$
$$= 140 + 28 + 5$$

$$= 173$$

$$A = 1573$$

Ex: 1400 — @ 12% — 1 yr.

$$CI = A - P$$

Comp. six.
monthly

$$A = 1400 \left(1 + \frac{6\%}{6}\right)^{12}$$

$$= 1400 \left(1 + \frac{1\%}{1}\right)^{12}$$

$$= 1400 \left(\frac{53}{50}\right)^{12}$$

5.1. 5.1. 5.1. 5.1.

10.25

10.25

$$10.25 + 10.25 + \frac{10.25^2}{100}$$

$$= 20.5 + 1.05 = 21.55\%$$

$$CI = 21.55\% \text{ of } 1400$$

$$= 140 \times 2 + 14 + 8$$

$$= 302$$

prob:

1400 — @ 10% — 2 yrs.

Comp. six.
Monthly

$$A = 1400 \left(1 + \frac{10}{12}\right)^4$$

$$= 1400 \left(1 + \frac{1}{20}\right)^4$$

$$= 1400 \left(\frac{21}{20}\right)^4$$

$$CI = \frac{A - P}{P}$$

$$\left(10 + \frac{1}{4}\right)^2$$

$$= 10^2 + 2 \times 10 \times \frac{1}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$$

$$1400 \xrightarrow[+70]{+5\%} 1470 \xrightarrow[73.5]{+5\%} 1543.5$$

$$1543.5 \xrightarrow[77.25]{+5\%} 1621 \xrightarrow[+81]{+5\%} \textcircled{1702} \quad \textcircled{A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} CI &= 1702 - 1400 \\ &= \underline{\underline{302}} \end{aligned}$$



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$$A = 1000 (1 + 10\%)^3 = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{1}{10}\right)^3 = 1000 \times \left(\frac{11}{10}\right)^3$$

9. Find the compound interest on Rs. 1000 at the rate of 20% per annum for 18 months when interest is compounded half yearly.

$$\frac{31 + 2.1}{21 + 10 + \frac{21 \times 10}{100}} = 33.1\%$$

- a. ✓ Rs. 331
- b. Rs. 1331
- c. Rs. 320
- d. Rs. 325

$$CI = 33.1\% \text{ of } 1000 = 331$$

9. 1000 रुपये पर 18 महीने के लिए 20% प्रति वर्ष की दर से चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज प्राप्त कीजिये, जब ब्याज अर्धवार्षिक रूप से संयोजित होता है।

- a. ✓ रु. 331
- b. रु. 1331
- c. रु. 320
- d. रु. 325

$$\frac{20}{2} = 10\%$$

$$10\% \quad 10\% \quad 10\%$$

$$21$$

10. Find the principal if the interest compounded at the rate of 10% per annum for two years is Rs. 420.

- a. ☒ Rs. 2000
- b. Rs. 2200
- c. Rs. 1000
- d. None of these

$$21\% \text{ of } P = 420$$

$$P = 2000$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \times P = 20$$

10. यदि दो वर्षों के लिए 10% प्रति वर्ष की दर से चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज 420 रुपये है तो मूलधन ज्ञात करें।

- a. ☒ रु. 2000
- b. रु. 2200
- c. रु. 1000
- d. इनमें से कोई नहीं

$$10\% - 10\%$$

$$10 + 10 + \frac{10 \times 10}{100}$$

$$= 21\%$$

$$\frac{50}{3}\% = \frac{50}{3} \times \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{6} \quad \text{---} \quad 16\frac{2}{3}\% = \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$$

दा

11. Find the principal if compound interest is charged on the principal at the rate of $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ per annum for two years and the sum becomes Rs. 196.

a. Rs. 140

b. Rs. 154

c. Rs. 150

d. ☒ None of these

$$4 \times 196 = P \times \frac{49}{36}$$

$$P = 36 \times 4 = 144$$

11. यदि मूलधन पर दो वर्षों के लिए $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ प्रति वर्ष की दर से चक्रवृद्धि ब्याज लगाया जाता है और राशि 196 रुपये हो जाती है, तो मूलधन ज्ञात करें।

a. रु. 140

b. रु. 154

c. रु. 150

d. ☒ इनमें से कोई नहीं

$$196 = P \left(1 + 16\frac{2}{3}\%\right)^2$$

$$196 = P \left(1 + \frac{1}{6}\right)^2$$

$$196 = P \left(\frac{7}{6}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{100}{7}$$

$$14\frac{2}{7}\% = \frac{1}{7}$$

12. Rajan purchased a Maruti van for Rs. 1,96,000 and the rate of depreciation is $14\frac{2}{7}\%$ per annum. Find the value of the van after two years.

- a. Rs. 1,40,000
- ☒ b. Rs. 1,44,000
- c. Rs. 1,50,000
- d. None of these

12. राजन ने 1,96,000 रुपये में एक मारुति वैन खरीदी और मूल्यहास की दर $14\frac{2}{7}\%$ प्रति वर्ष है। दो वर्ष बाद वैन का मूल्य ज्ञात कीजिये।

a. रु. 1,40,000

☒ b. रु. 1,44,000

c. रु. 1,50,000

d. इनमें से कोई नहीं

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Price} &= 196000 \left(1 - \frac{14\frac{2}{7}}{100}\right)^2 \\
 &= 196000 \left(1 - \frac{1}{7}\right)^2 \\
 &= 196000 \times \frac{36}{49} \\
 &= 144000
 \end{aligned}$$



THANK YOU!